將Cisco 1700/2600/3600 ADSL WIC配置為帶有 NAT的PPPoE客戶端

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簡介

Cisco 1700、2600和3600系列路由器支援非對稱數字使用者線路(ADSL) WAN介面卡(WIC)。所有 三個平台的配置基本相同。但是,在硬體和Cisco IOS®軟體版本中有差異,每個版本都需要這些差 異。在本文檔中,Cisco 1700、2600和3600稱為「Cisco ADSL WIC」。

必要條件

需求

本文件沒有特定需求。

採用元件

本文中的資訊係根據以下軟體和硬體版本:

- Cisco 6400 UAC-NRP IOS軟體版本12.1(3)DC1
- Cisco 6400 UAC-NSP IOS軟體版本12.1(3)DB
- Cisco 6130 DSLAM-NI2 IOS軟體版本12.1(5)DA

要支援Cisco 2600/3600上的ADSL WIC,需要以下硬體:

| 2600 | 3600 |
|---------|------------|
| 機箱WIC插槽 | NM-1FE1R2W |
| NM-2W | NM-1FE2W |
| | NM-2FE2W |
| | NM-2W |

重要資訊:對於Cisco 3600,此硬體不支援ADSL WIC:

- NM-1E1R2W
- NM-1E2W
- NM-2E2W

要支援ADSL WIC,至少需要以下這些Cisco IOS軟體版本:

- Cisco 2600/3600上的Cisco IOS軟體版本12.1(5)YB(僅限Plus版本)
- Cisco 1700上的Cisco IOS軟體版本IOS 12.1(3)XP或更高版本(僅限Plus版本或ADSL功能集)。ADSL功能集在影象名稱中以「y7」標識。例如,c1700-sy7-mz.121-3.XP.bin。
- 下載Cisco 1700映象時,請確保選擇映象名稱1700。請勿下載1720或1750影像。這些功能不 支援ADSL WIC。

若要支援乙太網路上的點對點通訊協定(PPPoE),您必須設定ADSL+PLUS功能。僅ADSL功能集不 支援Cisco 1700上的PPPoE。

本文中的資訊是根據特定實驗室環境內的裝置所建立。文中使用到的所有裝置皆從已清除(預設))的組態來啟動。如果您的網路正在作用,請確保您已瞭解任何指令可能造成的影響。

慣例

如需文件慣例的詳細資訊,請參閱思科技術提示慣例。

背景資訊

在Cisco IOS軟體版本12.1(3)XG中,已為Cisco ADSL WIC引入PPPoE使用者端功能。此功能允許 將PPPoE功能移動到路由器。Cisco ADSL WIC後面可以安裝多台PC。在流量傳送到PPPoE會話之 前,可以對流量進行加密、過濾等。此外,還可以運行網路地址轉換(NAT)。

本文檔顯示在Cisco ADSL WIC的非同步傳輸模式(ATM)介面(DSL介面)上配置的PPPoE客戶端。

Cisco 6400節點路由處理器(NRP)上的配置也可用於用作聚合器的另一台路由器和ATM介面。

設定

本節提供設定本檔案所述功能的資訊。

注意:要查詢有關本文檔中命令的其他資訊,請使用<u>命令查詢工具</u>(僅限<u>註冊</u>客戶)。

網路圖表

此文件使用以下網路設定:

組態

PPPoE在Cisco ADSL WIC上使用虛擬專用撥號網路(VPDN)命令進行配置。確保首先配置這些命令。

註:有關如何更改最大傳輸單元(MTU)大小的資訊,請參閱<u>PPPoE撥入連線中MTU大小故障排除</u>。 本檔案使用下列組態:

- <u>Cisco ADSL WIC</u>
- <u>Cisco 6400</u>

```
<#root>
I
vpdn enable
no vpdn logging
I
vpdn-group pppoe
 request-dialin
!--- You are the PPPoE client that asks to establish a session !--- with the aggregation unit (6400 NR
   protocol pppoe
ļ
!--- Internal Ethernet network.
interface FastEthernet0
ip address 10.92.1.182 255.255.255.0
ip nat inside
!--- DSL interface.
interface ATMO
no ip address
no atm ilmi-keepalive
bundle-enable
dsl operating-mode auto
hold-queue 224 in
!--- All defaults. !--- PPPoE runs on top of AAL5SNAP. However, the !---
encap aal5snap
command is not used.
```

```
I
interface ATM0.1 point-to-point
pvc 1/1
 pppoe-client dial-pool-number 1
!--- pvc 1/1 is an example value that must be changed to match !--- the value used by the ISP.
!--- The PPPoE client code ties into a dialer interface upon !--- which a virtual-access interface is
ļ
interface Dialer1
ip address negotiated
ip mtu 1492
!--- Ethernet MTU default = 1500 (1492 + PPPoE headers = 1500)
ip nat outside
encapsulation ppp
dialer pool 1
!--- Ties to the ATM interface.
ppp authentication chap callin
ppp chap hostname <username>
ppp chap password <password>
ļ
!--- The ISP instructs you about the type of authentication !--- to use. !--- To change from PPP Chall
ppp authentication chap callin
!---
ppp chap hostname
!---
ppp chap password
!--- with these two lines: !---
ppp authentication pap callin
!---
ppp pap sent-username
            password
```

!--- For NAT, overload on the Dialer1 interface and add a !--- default route out, because the dialer :
ip nat inside source list 1 interface Dialer1 overload
ip classless
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 dialer1
no ip http server
!
access-list 1 permit 10.92.1.0 0.0.0.255
!--- For NAT.
!

```
<#root>
```

Cisco 6400 *** local ppp user

!--- You can also use

```
aaa
```

username <username> password <password>

!--- Begin with the VPDN commands. Notice that you bind the !--- PPPoE here to a virtual-template, ins

```
vpdn enable
no vpdn logging
!
vpdn-group pppoe
accept-dialin
!--- PPPoE server mode.
  protocol pppoe
  virtual-template 1
!
!
interface ATM0/0/0
```

```
no ip address
no atm ilmi-keepalive
hold-queue 500 in
```

!--- The binding to the virtual-template interface is !--- configured in the VPDN group.

```
ļ
interface ATMO/0/0.182 point-to-point
pvc 1/82
  encapsulation aal5snap
!--- This needs the command on the server side.
 protocol pppoe
 !
i
!--- Virtual-template is used instead of dialer interface.
T
interface Virtual-Template1
 ip unnumbered Loopback10
 ip mtu 1492
 peer default ip address pool ippool
 ppp authentication chap
interface Loopback10
ip address 8.8.8.1 255.255.255.0
I
ip local pool ippool 9.9.9.1 9.9.9.5
```

驗證

目前沒有適用於此組態的驗證程序。

疑難排解

使用本節內容,對組態進行疑難排解。

<u>輸出直譯器工具</u>(僅供<u>註冊</u>客戶使用) (OIT)支援某些show指令。使用OIT檢視對show命令輸出的分 析。

附註:使用 debug 指令之前,請先參閱<u>有關 Debug 指令的重要資訊</u>。

調試PPPoE客戶端

要在Cisco ADSL WIC或Cisco 6400上調試PPPoE客戶端,您必須考慮協定棧。您可以從底部開始 排除故障。

1. DSL物理層:

確保線路已啟動並經過培訓。

<#root>

show interface atm0

ATMO is

up

, line protocol is

up

Hardware is PQUICC_SAR (with Alcatel ADSL Module)

show dsl interface atm0

!--- Look for "Showtime" in the first few lines.

ATU-R (DS) ATU-C (US) Modem Status:

Showtime (DMTDSL_SHOWTIME)

2. ATM層:

如果ATM介面打開,請發出debug atm packet命令,檢視是否有任何東西來自ISP。

注意:由於資料包的處理方式,您在此命令下看不到傳出資料包。

您需要看到類似如下所示的輸出,其中具有顯示傳入ATM資料包為AAL5SNAP的相同型別、 SAP、CTL和OUI欄位:

<#root>

debug atm packet

03:21:32: ATMO(I): VCD:0x2 VPI:0x1 VCI:0x1 Type:0x0 SAP:AAAA CTL:03 OUI:0080C2 TYPE:0007 Length:0x30 03:21:32: 0000 0050 7359 35B7 0001 96A4 84AC 8864 1100 0001 000E C021 09AB 000C 0235 03:21:32: 279F 0000 0000 03:21:32:

3. 乙太網層:

完整的乙太網幀位於AAL5SNAP資料包中。沒有debug Ethernet packet命令。但是,您需要 執行某些VPDN調試(Cisco IOS軟體版本12.2(13)T或更高版本的PPPoE調試)以檢視PPPoE幀 。

例如,作為PPPoE幀的乙太網幀包含以下兩種Ethertype之一:

- 0x8863 Ethertype = PPPoE控制資料包(處理PPPoE會話)
- 0x8864 Ethertype = PPPoE資料包(包含PPP資料包)

一個重要的注意事項是,PPPoE中有兩個會話。PPPoE會話(一種VPDN L2TP型別會話)和

PPP會話。要建立PPPoE,您需要一個PPPoE會話建立階段和一個PPP會話建立階段。

終端通常包括PPP終端階段和PPPoE終端階段。

PPPoE建立階段辨識PPPoE客戶端和伺服器(MAC地址)並分配會話ID。完成後,正常的 PPP建立過程與任何其它PPP連線一樣。

要調試,請使用VPDN PPPoE調試(Cisco IOS軟體版本12.2(13)T或更高版本的PPPoE調試)來 確定PPPoE連線階段是否成功。

<#root>

#

debug vpdn pppoe-events (debug pppoe events)

06:17:58: Sending PADI: vc=1/1

!--- A broadcast Ethernet frame (in this case encapsulated in ATM) !--- requests a PPPoE server, '

06:18:00: PPPOE: we've got our pado and the pado timer went off

!--- This is a unicast reply from a PPPoE server !--- (very similar to a DHCP offer).

06:18:00: OUT PADR from PPPoE tunnel

!--- This is a unicast reply that accepts the offer.

06:18:00: IN PADS from PPPoE tunnel

!--- This is a confirmation and completes the establishment.

PPP的建立開始於任何其他PPP啟動。建立PPPoE作業階段後,發出show vpdn指令(Cisco IOS軟體版本12.2(13)T或更新版本的show pppe session)取得狀態。

AT0

11

<#root>

1

#
show vpdn (show pppoe session)
%No active L2TP tunnels
%No active L2F tunnels
PPPoE Tunnel and Session Information Total tunnels 1 sessions 1
PPPoE Tunnel Information
Session count: 1
PPPoE Session Information
SID RemMAC LocMAC Intf VASt OIntf VC

0050.7359.35b7 0001.96a4.84ac Vi1 UP

透過show vpdn session all(show pppoe session all)命令獲取資料包計數資訊。

<#root>

```
show vpdn session all (show pppoe session all)
%No active L2TP tunnels
%No active L2F tunnels
PPPoE Session Information Total tunnels 1 sessions 1
session id: 1
local MAC address: 0001.96a4.84ac, remote MAC address: 0050.7359.35b7
```

virtual access interface: Vi1, outgoing interface: AT0, vc: 1/1
1656 packets sent, 1655 received, 24516 bytes sent, 24486 received

其他debug命令:

- debug vpdn pppoe-data(debug pppoe data)
- debug vpdn pppoe-errors(debug pppoe errors)
- debug vpdn pppoe-packets(debug pppoe packets)
- 4. PPP層:

建立PPPoE會話後,PPP調試對於其他任何PPP建立都是相同的。

使用同樣debug ppp negotiation和debug ppp authentication指令。以下是輸出示例。

注意:在此示例中,主機名為「client1」。 遠端Cisco 6400的名稱為「nrp-b」。

```
06:36:03: Vi1 PPP: Treating connection as a callout
06:36:03: Vi1 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Active Open [0 sess, 1 load]
06:36:03: Vi1 PPP: No remote authentication for call-out
06:36:03: Vi1 LCP: 0 CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 10
06:36:03: Vi1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x03013D43 (0x050603013D43)
06:36:03: Vi1 LCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 10
06:36:03: Vi1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x03013D43 (0x050603013D43)
06:36:05: Vi1 LCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 15
06:36:05: Vi1 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
06:36:05: Vi1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x65E315E5 (0x050665E315E5)
06:36:05: Vi1 LCP: 0 CONFACK [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 15
06:36:05: Vi1 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305)
06:36:05: Vi1 LCP: MagicNumber 0x65E315E5 (0x050665E315E5)
06:36:05: Vi1 LCP: State is Open
06:36:05: Vi1 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by the peer [0 sess, 1 load]
06:36:05: Vi1 CHAP: I CHALLENGE id 9 len 26 from "nrp-b"
06:36:05: Vi1 CHAP: Using alternate hostname client1
06:36:05: Vil CHAP: Username nrp-b not found
```

06:36:05: Vi1 CHAP: Using default password 06:36:05: Vi1 CHAP: O RESPONSE id 9 len 28 from "client1" 06:36:05: Vi1 CHAP: I SUCCESS id 9 len 4 06:36:05: Vi1 PPP: Phase is FORWARDING [0 sess, 1 load] 06:36:05: Vi1 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING [0 sess, 1 load] 06:36:05: Vi1 PPP: Phase is UP [0 sess, 1 load] 06:36:05: Vi1 IPCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 10 06:36:05: Vi1 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x03060000000) 06:36:05: Vi1 CDPCP: 0 CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 4 06:36:05: Vi1 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 1 len 10 06:36:05: Vi1 IPCP:Address 8.8.8.1 (0x030608080801)06:36:05: Vi1 IPCP:Address 8.8.8.1 (0x030608080801)06:36:05: Vi1 IPCP:Address 9.9.9.2 (0x030609090902) 06:36:05: Vi1 IPCP: O CONFREQ [ACKsent] id 2 len 10 06:36:05: Vi1 IPCP: Address 9.9.9.2 (0x030609090902) 06:36:05: Vi1 LCP: I PROTREJ [Open] id 3 len 10 protocol CDPCP (0x820701010004) 06:36:05: Vi1 CDPCP: State is Closed 06:36:05: Vil IPCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 2 len 10 06:36:05: Vi1 IPCP: Address 9.9.9.2 (0x030609090902) 06:36:05: Vil IPCP: State is Open 06:36:05: Di1 IPCP: Install negotiated IP interface address 9.9.9.2 06:36:05: Di1 IPCP: Install route to 8.8.8.1 06:36:06: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Virtual-Access1, changed state to up

調試PPPoE伺服器

要調試Cisco 6400(PPPoE伺服器),請使用與Cisco ADSL WIC(客戶端)相同的自下而上程式 。區別在於DSL物理層,您需要檢查DSLAM。

1. DSL物理層:

要檢查DSL物理層,您需要檢視DSLAM上的DSL統計資訊。對於Cisco DSLAM,請發出show dsl interface命令。

2. ATM層:

在Cisco 6400端,您也可以發出debug atm packet命令。為特定PVC啟用Cisco 6400。

<#root>

debug atm packet interface atm 0/0/0.182 vc 1/82

您需要看到類似如下所示的輸出,其中具有顯示傳入ATM資料包為AAL5SNAP的相同型別、 SAP、CTL和OUI欄位:

<#root>

4d04h: ATM0/0/0.182(I): VCD:0x3 VPI:0x1 VCI:0x52 Type:0x900 SAP:AAAA CTL:03 OUI:0080C2 TYPE:0007

Length:0x30 4d04h: 0000 0001 96A4 84AC 0050 7359 35B7 8864 1100 0001 000E C021 0A2E 000C 65E3 4d04h: 15E5 0000 0000

注意:由於資料包的處理方式,您在此命令下看不到傳出資料包。

3. 乙太網層:

在Cisco ADSL WIC上使用的同一VPDN show命令和調試也可用在Cisco 6400上,以檢視 PPPoE的建立。

<#root>

#

```
debug vpdn pppoe-events (debug pppoe events)
```

4d04h:

IN PADI

from PPPoE tunnel

4d04h:

OUT PADO

from PPPoE tunnel

4d04h:

IN PADR

from PPPoE tunnel

4d04h: PPPoE: Create session 4d04h: PPPoE: VPN session created.

4d04h:

OUT PADS

from PPPoE tunnel

#

show vpdn

%No active L2TP tunnels %No active L2F tunnels

PPPoE Tunnel and Session Information Total tunnels 1 sessions 1

PPPoE Tunnel Information

Session count: 1

PPPoE Session Information

```
SID
                                        Intf
                                                VASt
                                                                    VC
          RemMAC
                           LOCMAC
                                                       OIntf
        0001.96a4.84ac 0050.7359.35b7 Vi4
1
                                                ΠP
                                                       AT0/0/0 1
                                                                    82
#
show vpdn session all
nrp-b#
show vpdn session all
%No active L2TP tunnels
%No active L2F tunnels
PPPoE Session Information Total tunnels 1 sessions 1
session id: 1
local MAC address: 0050.7359.35b7, remote MAC address: 0001.96a4.84ac
virtual access interface: Vi4, outgoing interface: AT0/0/0, vc: 1/82
    30 packets sent, 28 received, 422 bytes sent, 395 received
```

其他debug命令:

debug vpdn pppoe-data(debug pppoe data)

debug ppp negotiation and debug ppp authentication

- debug vpdn pppoe-errors(debug pppoe errors)
- debug vpdn pppoe-packets(debug pppoe packets)

4. PPP層:

以下是Cisco 6400的PPP調試輸出,與Cisco ADSL WIC的早期調試相對應:

<#root>

4d04h: Vi2 PPP: Treating connection as a dedicated line 4d04h: Vi2 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Active Open [0 sess, 1 load] 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 15 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: MagicNumber 0x65F62814 (0x050665F62814) 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 1 len 10 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: MagicNumber 0x03144FF9 (0x050603144FF9) 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: O CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 10 MagicNumber 0x03144FF9 (0x050603144FF9) 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: 4d04h: Vi3 LCP: I ECHOREQ [Open] id 60 len 8 magic 0xA60C0000 4d04h: Vi3 LCP: O ECHOREP [Open] id 60 len 8 magic 0x51A0BEF6 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: TIMEout: State ACKsent 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: 0 CONFREQ [ACKsent] id 2 len 15 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: MagicNumber 0x65F62814 (0x050665F62814) 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: I CONFACK [ACKsent] id 2 len 15 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: MagicNumber 0x65F62814 (0x050665F62814)

4d04h: Vi2 LCP: State is Open 4d04h: Vi2 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by this end [0 sess, 1 load] 4d04h: Vi2 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 10 len 26 from "nrp-b" 4d04h: Vi2 CHAP: I RESPONSE id 10 len 28 from "client1" 4d04h: Vi2 PPP: Phase is FORWARDING [0 sess, 1 load] 4d04h: Vi2 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING [0 sess, 1 load] 4d04h: Vi2 CHAP: O SUCCESS id 10 len 4 4d04h: Vi2 PPP: Phase is UP [0 sess, 1 load] 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: 0 CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 10 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: Address 8.8.8.1 (0x030608080801) 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 1 len 10 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x03060000000) 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: Pool returned 9.9.9.2 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: O CONFNAK [REQsent] id 1 len 10 Address 9.9.9.2 (0x030609090902) 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: 4d04h: Vi2 CDPCP: I CONFREQ [Not negotiated] id 1 len 4 4d04h: Vi2 LCP: 0 PROTREJ [Open] id 3 len 10 protocol CDPCP (0x820701010004) 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 10 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: Address 8.8.8.1 (0x030608080801) 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 10 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: Address 9.9.9.2 (0x030609090902) 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: O CONFACK [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 10 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: Address 9.9.9.2 (0x030609090902) 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: State is Open 4d04h: Vi2 IPCP: Install route to 9.9.9.2 4d04h: %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Virtual-Access2, changed state to up

相關資訊

- <u>長距離乙太網路(LRE)和數位使用者線路(xDSL)技術支援</u>
- <u>LRE和xDSL產品支援</u>
- <u>技術支援與文件 Cisco Systems</u>

關於此翻譯

思科已使用電腦和人工技術翻譯本文件,讓全世界的使用者能夠以自己的語言理解支援內容。請注 意,即使是最佳機器翻譯,也不如專業譯者翻譯的內容準確。Cisco Systems, Inc. 對這些翻譯的準 確度概不負責,並建議一律查看原始英文文件(提供連結)。