FlexVPN部署:使用EAP-MD5的AnyConnect IKEv2远程访问

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<u>简介</u>

本文档提供了使用FlexVPN工具包在IOS上设置远程访问的示例配置。

远程访问VPN允许使用各种操作系统的终端客户端通过非安全介质(如Internet)安全地连接到其企业或家庭网络。在所示场景中,VPN隧道在使用IKEv2协议的Cisco IOS路由器上终止。

本文档说明如何通过EAP-MD5方法使用访问控制服务器(ACS)对用户进行身份验证和授权。

<u>先决条件</u>

网络图



<u>要求</u>

本文档没有任何特定的要求。

<u>使用的组件</u>

本文档中的信息基于以下软件和硬件版本:

- 带补丁6的ACS 5.3
- 带15.2(4)M软件的IOS路由器
- Windows 7 PC, 带AnyConnect 3.1.01065

<u>规则</u>

有关文档约定的更多信息,请参考 Cisco 技术提示约定。

<u>背景</u>

在IKEv1 XAUTH在第1.5阶段中使用,您可以在IOS路由器上本地对用户进行身份验证,并使用 RADIUS/TACACS+远程进行身份验证。IKEv2不再支持XAUTH和第1.5阶段。它包含内置EAP支持 ,在IKE_AUTH阶段完成。这的最大优势在于IKEv2设计,而EAP是众所周知的标准。

EAP支持两种模式:

- •隧道— EAP-TLS、EAP/PSK、EAP-PEAP等
- 非隧道 EAP-MSCHAPv2、EAP-GTC、EAP-MD5等

在本示例中,使用非隧道模式下的EAP-MD5,因为它是ACS 5.3中当前支持的EAP外部身份验证方法。

EAP只能用于对响应方(本例中为IOS)进行身份验证发起方(客户端)。

IOS初始配置

<u>IOS - CA</u>

首先,您需要创建证书颁发机构(CA)并为IOS路由器创建身份证书。客户端将根据该证书验证路由 器的身份。

在IOS上配置CA如下:

crypto pki server CA grant auto hash shal eku server-auth client-auth 您需要记住扩展密钥使用(EAP需要服务器身份验证,RSA-SIG也需要客户端身份验证)。

在crypto pki server CA中使用no shutdown命令启用CA。

<u>IOS — 身份证书</u>

接下来,为证书启用简单证书注册协议(SCEP)并配置信任点。

ip http server crypto pki trustpoint CA-self enrollment url http://10.1.1.2:80 fqdn 10.1.1.2 ip-address 10.1.1.2 subject-name cn=10.1.1.2,ou=TAC revocation-check none eku request server-auth client-auth **然后,验证并注册证书**:

(config)#crypto pki authenticate CA-self Certificate has the following attributes: Fingerprint MD5: 741C671C 3202B3AE 6E05161C 694CA53E Fingerprint SHA1: 8C99513C 2198470F 7CB58FA2 32D8AA8D FC31D1ED % Do you accept this certificate? [yes/no]: yes Trustpoint CA certificate accepted. R1(config)#crypto pki enroll CA-self 8 % Start certificate enrollment .. % Create a challenge password. You will need to verbally provide this password to the CA Administrator in order to revoke your certificate. For security reasons your password will not be saved in the configuration. Please make a note of it. Password: Re-enter password: % The subject name in the certificate will include: cn=10.1.1.2,ou=TAC % The subject name in the certificate will include: 10.1.1.2 % Include the router serial number in the subject name? [yes/no]: no $\ensuremath{\$\xspace{-1.5}}$ The IP address in the certificate is 10.1.1.2 Request certificate from CA? [yes/no]: yes % Certificate request sent to Certificate Authority % The 'show crypto pki certificate verbose CA-self' command will show the fingerprint. R1(config)# *Dec 2 10:57:44.141: CRYPTO_PKI: Certificate Request Fingerprint MD5: BF8EF4B6 87FA8162 9079F917 698A5F36 *Dec 2 10:57:44.141: CRYPTO_PKI: Certificate Request Fingerprint SHA1: AC13FEA3 295F7AE6 7014EF60 784E33AF FD94C41D R1(config)# *Dec 2 10:57:44.198: %PKI-6-CERTRET: Certificate received from Certificate Authority

如果不想在AnyConnect中显示提示消息,请记住cn必须等于AnyConnect配置文件中配置的主机名 /IP地址。

在本例中,cn=10.1.1.2。因此,在AnyConnect 10.1.1.2中,在AnyConnect xml配置文件中输入服 务器的IP地址。

IOS - AAA和Radius配置

您需要配置Radius和AAA身份验证和授权:

aaa new-model radius-server host 192.168.56.202 key cisco aaa group server radius SERV server 192.168.56.202 aaa authentication login eap-list group SERV aaa authorization network eap-list group SERV

<u>ACS初始配置</u>

首先,在ACS中添加新的网络设备(Network Resources > Network Devices and AAA Clients > Create):

o Name. R1 Description:				
Network Device Groups				
Location	Allucations	Select		
Device Type	Al Device Types	Select		
IP Address Single IP Address IP: 192.168.56.2	이 P Range(s) Hy Mask I ⓒ F Hange(s)		Authentication Options TACACS+ Shared Secont Single Connect Device Exact Single Connect Support TACACS+ Draft Compliant Single Connect Support Support TACACS+ Draft Compliant Single Connect Support TACACS+ Draft	
• = Fola wymagane				
< (
Stant Cancel				

添加用户(Users and Identity Stores > Internal Identity Stores > Users > Create):

General							
O Name:	user3		Status: E	nabled -	0		
Description:							
🗢 Identity Group:	Al Groups			Sele	ct		
Password info	rmation					Enable Password Inf	ormation
Password must						Password must:	
Contain	4 - 32 characters	;				 Contain 4 - 32 t 	haracters
Password Type	ae.	Internal Users			Sele	Enable Password	
Password:		••••				Confirm Password:	
🗢 Confirm Pass	word:	•••••					
🗖 Change p	assword on next	t login					
User Informati There are no a	on additional identity	attributes defined	for user rec	cords			
🗰 – Dolo usamonar	ine						

添加用户进行授权。在本例中,它是IKETEST。密码必须为"cisco",因为它是IOS发送的默认密码

0

General						
🜣 Name:	IKETEST		Status:	Enabled -	• •	
Description:						
🗢 Identity Group:	All Groups			Sel	ect	
Password Information Password must: • Contain 4 - 32 characters						
Password Type:		Internal Users			Select	
Password:		•••••				
🜣 Confirm Password:		•••••				
Change password on next login						
User Information There are no additional identity attributes defined for user records • = Pola wymagane						

在本例中,它称为POOL。在本示例中,输入拆分隧道AV对(作为前缀),并将Framed-IP-Address作为IP地址分配给连接的客户端。所有支持的AV对的列表可在以下位置找到 :<u>http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/ios-xml/ios/sec_conn_ike2vpn/configuration/15-2mt/sec-apx-flex-rad.html</u>

General Common Tas	sks RADIUS Attribu	ites			
Common Tasks Attribute	18				
Attribute		Туре	Value		
Manually Entered			1		
Attribute		Туре	Value		
Framed-IP-Address Osco-av-pair		IPv4 Address String	192.160.100.200 josed route-set=prefix 10.1.1.0/24	•	
Add A Eei, V	Replace A D	elete			
Dichnnary Type:	RADIUS-IETE		•		
 RADIUS Attribute 		Se	ect		
 Attribute Type: 					
Attribute Value:	Static		-		
0					
O = Pola wymagane					
Submit Cancel					

然后,您需要在访问策略中启用对EAP-MD5(用于身份验证)和PAP/ASCII(用于授权)的支持。 此示例中使用默认值(Access Policies > Default Network Access):

ccess Policies > Access Services > Default Network Access > Edit: "Default Network Access"	
General Allowed Protocols	
Process Host Lookup	
Authentication Protocols	
Allow PAP/ASCI	
Allow CHAP	
Allow MS-CHAPv1	
Allow MS-CHAPv2	
Allow EAP-MD5	
Allow EAP-TLS	
Allow LEAP	
Allow PEAP	
Allow EAP-FAST	
Preferred EAP protocol	
Submit Cancel	

在访问策略中为创建条件并分配已创建的授权配置文件。在这种情况下,会创建NDG:Location in All Locations的条件,因此,对于所有Radius授权请求,将提供POOL授权配置文件(访问策略>访 问服务>默认网络访问):

General				
Name: Rule-1	Status	s: Enabled		
The Custo conditions	omize button in the lo s and results are avai	wer right a ilable here	rea of the policy rules scre for use in policy rules.	en controls which policy
Conditions				
NDG:Location:	in	→ All Loca	tions	Select
Time And Date:	-ANY-			
Results Authorization Profiles	5.		You may select multiple au in multiple profiles will use t	thorization profiles. Attributes defined the value from the first profile defined.
Select Dese	elect			

如果用户能正确进行身份验证,您应该能够在IOS路由器上测试:

R1#test aaa group SERV user3 Cisco123 new-code User successfully authenticated

USER ATTRIBUTES		
username	0	"user3"
addr	0	192.168.100.200
route-set	0	"prefix 10.1.1.0/24"

<u>IOS FlexVPN配置</u>

您需要创建IKEv2建议和策略(您可能不必创建,请参阅CSCtn59317)。本例中仅为其中一个IP地址 (10.1.1.2)创建策略。

crypto ikev2 proposal PROP encryption 3des integrity shal group 2

crypto ikev2 policy 5 match address local 10.1.1.2 proposal PROP 然后,创建将绑定到虚拟模板的IKEV2配置文件和IPsec配置文件。

确保您正在关闭http-url证书,如配置指南中所述。

match identity remote address 0.0.0.0
match identity remote key-id IKETEST
authentication remote eap query-identity
authentication local rsa-sig
pki trustpoint CA-self
aaa authentication eap eap-list
aaa authorization user eap list eap-list IKETEST
virtual-template 1

no crypto ikev2 http-url cert crypto ipsec transform-set transform1 esp-3des esp-sha-hmac crypto ipsec profile PROF set transform-set transform1 set ikev2-profile PROF interface Virtual-Template1 type tunnel ip unnumbered Ethernet0/0 tunnel mode ipsec ipv4 tunnel protection ipsec profile PROF 在本示例中,根据在ACS配置中创建的用户IKETEST设置授权。

<u>Windows配置</u>

<u>将CA导入Windows信任</u>

在IOS上导出CA证书(确保导出身份证书,并仅获取第一部分):

R1(config)#crypto pki export CA-self pem terminal

% CA certificate:

----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

MIIB8zCCAVygAwIBAgIBATANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADANMQswCQYDVQQDEwJDQTAe Fw0xMjExMjYxNzMzMzlaFw0xNTExMjYxNzMzMzlaMA0xCzAJBgNVBAMTAkNBMIGf MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQCvDR4lHOcrj42QfHpRuNu4EyFrLR8H TbPanXYV+GdCBmu53pDILE00ASEHByD6DYBx01EZuDsiolJ7t2MPTguB+YZe6V40 JbtayyxtZGmF7+eDqRegQHHC394adQQWl2ojgQiuTHeRDTqDJR8i5gN2Ee+KOsr3 +0jnHjUmXb/I6QIDAQABo2MwYTAPBgNVHRMBAf8EBTADAQH/MA4GA1UdDwEB/wQE AwIBhjAfBgNVHSMEGDAWgBTH5Sdh69q4HAJulLQYLbYH0Nk9zzAdBgNVHQ4EFgQU x+UnYevauBwCbpS0GC22B9DZPc8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEADtBLiNXnl+LC PIgJ0nl/jH5p2IwVlzwbPbZcOsZ9mn54QaqrhmhbHnmqKQJl/20+JPE6p+4noICq VBrxoiX2KYQ10wmEScPpQ2XJ9vhGqtQ4Xcx3g20HhxxFDfp2XuW7hwU0W8dTCmZw 4vodj47qEXKI6pGuzauw9MN1xhkNarc= -----END CERTIFICATE-----

----END CERTIFICATE----

在BEGIN CERTIFICATE和END CERTIFICATE之间复制部件,并将其粘贴到Windows的记事本中 ,并另存为文件CA.crt。

您需要像在受信任根颁发机构中一样安装它(双击文件>安装证书>将所有证书放在以下存储中>受 信任根证书颁发机构):

Certificate Import Wizard
Certificate Store
Certificate stores are system areas where certificates are kept.
Windows can automatically select a certificate store, or you can specify a location for the certificate.
\bigcirc Automatically select the certificate store based on the type of certificate
Place all certificates in the following store
Certificate store:
Trusted Root Certification Authorities Browse
Learn more about <u>certificate stores</u>
< Back Next > Cancel

配置AnyConnect XML配置文件

在C:\ProgramData\Cisco\Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client\Profile create a file "whatt.xml"中粘贴以下内容:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<AnyConnectProfile xmlns="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/encoding/"
xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:schemaLocation="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/encoding/ AnyConnectProfile.xsd">
    <ClientInitialization>
        <UseStartBeforeLogon UserControllable="true">false</UseStartBeforeLogon>
        <AutomaticCertSelection UserControllable="true">
         false</AutomaticCertSelection>
        <ShowPreConnectMessage>false</ShowPreConnectMessage>
        <CertificateStore>All</CertificateStore>
        <CertificateStoreOverride>false</CertificateStoreOverride>
        <ProxySettings>Native</ProxySettings>
        <AllowLocalProxyConnections>true</AllowLocalProxyConnections>
        <AuthenticationTimeout>12</AuthenticationTimeout>
        <AutoConnectOnStart UserControllable="true">false</AutoConnectOnStart>
        <MinimizeOnConnect UserControllable="true">true</MinimizeOnConnect>
        <LocalLanAccess UserControllable="true">false</LocalLanAccess>
```

```
<ClearSmartcardPin UserControllable="true">true</ClearSmartcardPin>
        <IPProtocolSupport>IPv4, IPv6</IPProtocolSupport>
        <AutoReconnect UserControllable="false">true
            <AutoReconnectBehavior UserControllable="false">DisconnectOnSuspend
            </AutoReconnectBehavior>
        </AutoReconnect>
        <AutoUpdate UserControllable="false">true</AutoUpdate>
        <RSASecurIDIntegration UserControllable="false">
        Automatic</RSASecurIDIntegration>
        <WindowsLogonEnforcement>SingleLocalLogon</WindowsLogonEnforcement>
        <WindowsVPNEstablishment>LocalUsersOnly</WindowsVPNEstablishment>
        <AutomaticVPNPolicy>false</AutomaticVPNPolicy>
        <PPPExclusion UserControllable="false">Disable
            <PPPExclusionServerIP UserControllable="false"></PPPExclusionServerIP>
        </PPPExclusion>
        <EnableScripting UserControllable="false">false</EnableScripting>
        <EnableAutomaticServerSelection UserControllable="false">false
            <AutoServerSelectionImprovement>20</AutoServerSelectionImprovement>
            <AutoServerSelectionSuspendTime>4</AutoServerSelectionSuspendTime>
        </EnableAutomaticServerSelection>
        <RetainVpnOnLogoff>false
        </RetainVpnOnLogoff>
    </ClientInitialization>
    <ServerList>
           <HostEntry>
            <HostName>IOSEAP-MD5</HostName>
            <HostAddress>10.1.1.2</HostAddress>
            <PrimaryProtocol>IPsec
                <StandardAuthenticationOnly>true
                    <AuthMethodDuringIKENegotiation>EAP-MD5</AuthMethodDuringIKENegotiation>
                    <IKEIdentity>IKETEST</IKEIdentity>
                </StandardAuthenticationOnly>
            </PrimaryProtocol>
        </HostEntry>
     </ServerList>
</AnyConnectProfile>
确保10.1.1.2条目与为身份证书输入的CN=10.1.1.2完全相同。
```

<u>测试</u>

在此场景中,不使用SSL VPN,因此请确保IOS上禁用HTTP服务器(no ip http server)。 否则,您 会在AnyConnect中收到一条错误消息,其中指出"使用浏览器访问"。

在AnyConnect中连接时,应提示您输入密码。在本例中,创建的是User3

🕥 Cisco AnyC	onnect Secure M	lobility Client	23
	VPN: Please enter ye IOSEAP-MD5	our username and password. Connect	
	Cisco AnyConne Please ente	ect IOSEAP-MD5	
	Password:	****	Н
		OK Cancel	
\$ (i)			cisco

之后,用户即连接。



IOS 路由器

R1#show ip inter brief | i Virtual 10.1.1.2 YES unset up up Virtual-Access1 Virtual-Template1 10.1.1.2 YES unset up down R1# show ip route 192.168.100.200 Routing entry for 192.168.100.200/32 Known via "static", distance 1, metric 0 (connected) Routing Descriptor Blocks: * directly connected, via Virtual-Access1 Route metric is 0, traffic share count is 1 R1#show crypto ikev2 sa IPv4 Crypto IKEv2 SA Tunnel-id Local Remote fvrf/ivrf Status 10.1.1.2/4500 110.1.1.100/61021 none/none READY 1 Encr: 3DES, Hash: SHA96, DH Grp:2, Auth sign: RSA, Auth verify: EAP Life/Active Time: 86400/94 sec IPv6 Crypto IKEv2 SA R1#show crypto session detail Crypto session current status Code: C - IKE Configuration mode, D - Dead Peer Detection K - Keepalives, N - NAT-traversal, T - cTCP encapsulation

```
X - IKE Extended Authentication, F - IKE Fragmentation
Interface: Virtual-Access1
Uptime: 00:04:06
Session status: UP-ACTIVE
Peer: 192.168.56.1 port 61021 fvrf: (none) ivrf: (none)
Phase1_id: IKETEST
Desc: (none)
IKEv2 SA: local 10.1.1.2/4500 remote 10.1.1.100/61021 Active
Capabilities:(none) connid:1 lifetime:23:55:54
IPSEC FLOW: permit ip 0.0.0.0/0.0.0 host 192.168.100.200
Active SAs: 2, origin: crypto map
Inbound: #pkts dec'ed 1 drop 0 life (KB/Sec) 4160122/3353
Outbound: #pkts enc'ed 0 drop 0 life (KB/Sec) 4160123/3353
```

<u>Windows 窗口版本</u>

在VPN中AnyConnect的Advanced选项中,您可以选中Route Details(路由详细信息)以查看Split Tunneling networks(分割隧道网络):

Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client					
cisco AnyConnec	ct Secure Mobility Client				
Status Overview	Virtual Private Network (VPN)				
VPN >	Preferences Statistics Route Details Firewall Message History Route Details				
Networks					
Web Security	Secured Routes (JPv4)				
Collect diagnostic information for all installed components.					

已知警告和问题

- 请记住,当SHA1在IKEv2的签名哈希和完整性策略中(请参阅Cisco Bug ID <u>CSCtn59317</u>(仅<u>限</u> <u>注</u>册客户))。
- IOS身份证书中的CN在ACS XML配置文件中必须是等于主机名。
- 如果要使用在身份验证期间传递的Radius AV对,而根本不使用组授权,可以在IKEv2配置文件

中使用此功能:

aaa authorization user eap cached

- 授权始终使用密码"cisco"进行组/用户授权。在使用 aaa authorization user eap list SERV (without any paramaters) 因为它将尝试使用AnyConnect中以用户身份传递的用户和密码"cisco"进行授权,这可能不是用 户的密码。
- 如果出现任何问题,您可以分析这些输出并提供给思科TAC:debug crypto ikev2debug crypto ikev2 internalDART输出
- 如果不使用SSL VPN,请记住禁用ip http server(no ip http server)。 否则,AnyConnect将尝试 连接到HTTP服务器并收到结果"使用浏览器访问"。

<u>下一代加密</u>

上述配置被提供以用于显示最简工作配置。

思科建议尽可能使用下一代加密(NGC)。

有关迁移的当前建议,请访问

: <u>http://www.cisco.com/web/about/security/intelligence/nextgen_crypto.html</u>

选择NGC配置时,请确保客户端软件和头端硬件都支持它。建议将ISR第2代和ASR 1000路由器作 为头端,因为它们对NGC的硬件支持。

在AnyConnect端,自AnyConnect 3.1版起,支持NSA的Suite B算法套件。

相关信息

- <u>思科ASA IKEv2 PKI站点 站点VPN</u>
- IOS上的IKEv2 Site2站点调试
- FlexVPN/IKEv2:Windows 7内置客户端:IOS头端:第I部分 证书身份验证
- FlexVPN和互联网密钥交换第2版配置指南,思科IOS版本15.2M&T
- <u>技术支持和文档 Cisco Systems</u>