配置CSM负载 平衡SSL到SCAs组群的单臂代理 模式

Contents

Introduction Prerequisites Requirements Components Used Conventions Configure Network Diagram 配置 Verify Troubleshoot

Introduction

本文为安全套接字层SSL数据流内容交换模块(CSM)负荷平衡提供一配置示例给组群安全内容加速器(SCAs)。配置是为SCAs在与连接的不透明的代理模式下在一端口模式。

在不透明的模式下, SCA使用SCA IP地址作为来源与Web服务器的明文连接。

Note: 请使用两个不同的VLANs/IP子网络SCAs和Web服务器;一个子网络是为所有SCAs,并且一个 分开的子网络是为所有Web服务器。如果在同一个第2层(L2)域安置两个组群,源网络地址转换 (NAT)是必要的。来源NAT保证信息包回到CSM,并且Catalyst系列硬件不L2交换机信息包。

Prerequisites

Requirements

There are no specific requirements for this document.

Components Used

本文的信息根据这些VLAN/子网络:

- 客户端: 虚拟IP (VIP)和上游路由器(多层交换特性卡[MSFC])
- •有CSM的Catalyst 6500/6000在Slot 5
- •服务器端1:Web服务器
- 服务器端2 :SCAs

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment.All of

the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, make sure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Conventions

有关文档规则的详细信息,请参阅 Cisco 技术提示规则。

Configure

本部分提供有关如何配置本文档所述功能的信息。

Note: 要查找本文档所用命令的其他信息,请使用<u>命令查找工具</u>(<u>仅限注册用户</u>)。

Network Diagram

本文档使用以下网络设置:



配置

本文档使用以下配置:

- Catalyst 6000/CSM Slot 5
- SCA 1
- SCA 2

Catalyst 6000/CSM Slot 5

-- This is the configuration of nontransparent SSL load balance. Cat6k# show running-config | begin Module 5 module ContentSwitchingModule 5 vlan 6 client ip address 10.10.10.200 255.255.255.0 gateway 10.10.10.1 !--- This is the CSM IP address on the client side and !--- CSM upstream gateway (the MSFC). ! vlan 4 server ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0 !--- This is the CSM IP address on the SCA server farm VLAN. !--- SCAs use this IP address as the default gateway. ! vlan 10 server ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0 !--- This is the CSM IP address on the web server farm VLAN. !--- The web servers use this IP address as the default gateway. ! static drop real 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 !--- This drops every new connection that the web servers originate, !--- unless the connection matches a VIP. ! serverfarm SCA443 nat server !--- When connections are directed to this server farm, !--- the IP address of the SCA selection replaces !--- the destination IP address. no nat client real 192.168.1.250 443 inservice real 192.168.1.251 443 inservice !--- The configurations of both SCAs are such that, !--- with the send of a connection to this server farm, the destination port !--- translates to 443. In this example, there is no translation, as !--- the VIP listens to port 443. !---This is different in the following server farm, SCA444. ! serverfarm SCA444 nat server no nat client real 192.168.1.250 444 inservice real 192.168.1.251 444 inservice !--- With the selection of this server farm, there is a !--- modification of connections that go to either SCA. !--- The destination IP changes to match the IP of one of the SCAs !--- (NAT server), and the destination port becomes 444. ! serverfarm WEBFARM nat server no nat client real 192.168.2.10 80 inservice real 192.168.2.11 80 !--- Specify port 80 to translate from port 81 inservice. !--- (The SCA communicates on port 81, according to the SCA setup.) !--- This is a standard web server farm. ! sticky 10 ssl timeout 60 sticky 20 ssl timeout 60 !--- This creates two distinct sticky groups with SSL ID as a basis. !--- The timeout is 60 seconds. ! vserver TESTSITE1 virtual 10.10.10.10 tcp https serverfarm SCA443 sticky 60 group 10 persistent rebalance inservice !--- The vserver for the first site (www.testsitel.com) listens !--- to 10.10.10.10 on port 443. !--- Connections go to the SCAs without a change in the !--- destination port. (See the configuration of server farm SCA443.) ! vserver TESTSITE2 virtual 10.10.10.20 tcp https serverfarm SCA444 sticky 60 group 20 persistent rebalance inservice !--- The vserver for the second site (www.testsite2.com) listens !--- to 10.10.10.10 on port 443. !--- Connections go to the SCAs and change the !--- destination port to 444. (See the configuration of server farm SCA444.) ! vserver WEB-DECRYPT virtual 10.10.10.100 tcp 81 serverfarm WEBFARM persistent rebalance inservice ! !--- This is the vserver for the plain-text connections. !--- This vserver receives connections on port 81 from the SCAs. !--- As the configuration of this vserver does not specify a VLAN, !--- the vserver can also receive connections directly !--- from the client side. !--- To prevent direct client access of this VIP, !--- you can use the VLAN 4 option. !--- You can also place this VIP

in the SCA subnetwork. In that case, !--- clients do not even have a route to that subnetwork. (Clients only !--have a route if you configure the upstream router !--with a static route.) SCA 1 !--- This configures SCA in one-port, nontransparent mode. scal# show run # # Cisco CSCA Device Configuration File # Sun Feb 6 01:46:35 2106 # Written: version 2.3 build 200108071342 # Inxcfg: # Device Type: CSS-SCA # Device Id: S/N 119cd6 MaxOS version 2.5.1 build 200108071341 # Device OS: by Dan L. Reading ### Device ### mode one-port ip address 192.168.1.250 netmask 255.255.255.0 hostname scal password enable "2431245A572441713173717748626D734B35516B794F64336A51652 F " no ip domain-name no rdate-server timezone "MST7MDT" no rip ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 192.168.1.1 metric 1 ### Interfaces ### interface network auto end interface server auto end ### Remote Management ### no remote-management access-list remote-management enable ### SNMP Subsystem ### no snmp telnet enable no telnet access-list web-mgmt enable no web-mgmt access-list ### SSL Subsystem ### ssl server test1 create ip address 10.10.10.100 sslport 443 remoteport 81

```
key default
    cert default
    secpolicy default
   cachesize 20
   no transparent
  end
  server test2 create
   ip address 10.10.10.100
   sslport 444
   remoteport 81
   key default
   cert default
   secpolicy default
   cachesize 20
   no transparent
 end
end
scal#
SCA 2
!--- This configures SCA in one-port, nontransparent
mode. sca2# sca2# show run
#
# Cisco CSCA Device Configuration File
#
               Fri Feb 13 21:18:29 1970
# Written:
               version 2.3 build 200108071342
# Inxcfg:
# Device Type: CSS-SCA
# Device Id:
               S/N 119ca2
             MaxOS version 2.5.1 build 200108071341
# Device OS:
by Dan L. Reading
### Device ###
mode one-port
ip address 192.168.1.251 netmask 255.255.255.0
hostname sca2
password enable
"2431245A572441713173717748626D734B35516B794F64336A51652
F "
no ip domain-name
no rdate-server
timezone "MST7MDT"
no rip
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 192.168.1.1 metric 1
### Interfaces ###
interface network
 auto
end
interface server
 auto
end
### Remote Management ###
no remote-management access-list
remote-management enable
### SNMP Subsystem ###
```

```
no snmp
telnet enable
no telnet access-list
web-mgmt enable
no web-mgmt access-list
### SSL Subsystem ###
ssl
  server test1 create
    ip address 10.10.10.100
   sslport 443
   remoteport 81
   key default
   cert default
    secpolicy default
   cachesize 20
   no transparent
  end
  server test2 create
   ip address 10.10.10.100
   sslport 444
   remoteport 81
   key default
   cert default
    secpolicy default
    cachesize 20
   no transparent
  end
end
sca2#
```

Verify

本部分所提供的信息可用于确认您的配置是否正常工作。

<u>命令输出解释程序工具</u>(<u>仅限注册用户</u>)支持某些 **show** 命令,使用此工具可以查看对 show 命令 输出的分析。

!--- A client opens a connection to www.testsite1.com. Cat6k# show module csm 5 vserver detail TESTSITE1, state = OPERATIONAL, v_index = 10 virtual = 10.10.10.10/32:443, TCP, service = NONE, advertise = FALSE idle = 3600, replicate csrp = none, vlan = ALL, pending = 0 max parse len = 600, persist rebalance = TRUE conns = 1, total conns = 1Default policy: server farm = SCA443 sticky: timer = 60, subnet = 0.0.0.0, group id = 10 Tot Conn Client pkts Server pkts Policy _____ (default) 1 9 11 !--- The client connection to port 443 hits the vserver TESTSITE1 !--- and is load balanced to an SCA. TESTSITE2, state = OPERATIONAL, v_index = 11 virtual = 10.10.10.20/32:443, TCP, service = NONE, advertise = FALSE idle = 3600, replicate csrp = none, vlan = ALL, pending = 0 max parse len = 600, persist rebalance = TRUE conns = 0, total conns = 0 Default policy: server farm = SCA444 sticky: timer = 60, subnet = 0.0.0.0, group id = 20 Policy Tot Conn Client pkts Server pkts ------ (default) 0 0 0 WEB-DECRYPT, state =

OPERATIONAL, v_index = 13 virtual = 10.10.10.100/32:81, TCP, service = NONE, advertise = FALSE

 prot vlan source
 destination
 state

 In TCP 4
 192.168.1.250:4376
 10.10.10.100:81
 ESTAB

 Out TCP 10
 192.168.2.11:81
 192.168.1.250:4376
 ESTAB

 vs = WEB-DECRYPT, ftp = No, csrp = False

!--- This provides details of the connection from the SCA to the web server. !--- The connection comes from VLAN 4 (the SCA VLAN), destined to !--- 10.10.10.100 port 81. !--- This is different from what happens in transparent mode. !--- In this case, the SCA opens the connections with use of !--- the SCA IP address, 192.168.1.250. The server does not see the IP !--- of the original client. !--- The connection goes to VLAN 10 (web servers VLAN) !--- to the web server selection. (The destination IP address !--- changes accordingly. The port does not change.) !--- If the servers listen to port 80 instead of port 81, you can configure !--- the translation of the destination port. You can add a port !--- to the definition of the real servers. !--- NOTE: The Out line swaps source with destination. !--- "Out" refers to the return traffic packets that the CSM !--- receives from that VLAN.

In TCP 6 10.15.0.50:2324 10.10.10.10:443 ESTAB Out TCP 4 192.168.1.250:443 10.15.0.50:2324 ESTAB vs = TESTSITE1, ftp = No, csrp = False

!--- This provides details of the connection from the client to the VIP. !--- The connection comes from VLAN 6 (the client VLAN), destined to !--- 10.10.10.10 port 443. !--- The connection goes to VLAN 4 (the SCA VLAN) !--- to the SCA selection. The destination IP changes !--- from the 10.10.10.10 (the VIP) to 192.168.1.250 (the SCA), !--- as the server farm had the option NAT server. !--- This is different in nontransparent mode. !--- The same client opens a second connection, !--- this time to www.testsite2.com. Cat6k# Cat6k# show module csm 5 conns detail

```
prot vlan source
                                 destination
                                                      state
_____
In TCP 4 192.168.1.250:4377 10.10.10.100:81
                                                      ESTAB
Out TCP 10 192.168.2.10:81 192.168.1.250:4377 ESTAB
   vs = WEB-DECRYPT, ftp = No, csrp = False
!--- This connection is from SCA to VIP .100, load balanced to !--- web server .10. In TCP 4
192.168.1.250:4376 10.10.10.100:81 ESTAB Out TCP 10 192.168.2.11:81 192.168.1.250:4376 ESTAB vs
= WEB-DECRYPT, ftp = No, csrp = False !--- This connection is from SCA to VIP .100, load
balanced to !--- webserver .11. In TCP 6 10.15.0.50:2325 10.10.10.20:443 ESTAB Out TCP 4
192.168.1.250:444 10.15.0.50:2325 ESTAB vs = TESTSITE2, ftp = No, csrp = False !--- This
connection is from client to VIP .20, load balanced to !--- SCA .250, port 444. In TCP 6
10.15.0.50:2324 10.10.10.10:443 ESTAB Out TCP 4 192.168.1.250:443 10.15.0.50:2324 ESTAB vs =
TESTSITE1, ftp = No, csrp = False !--- This connection is from client to VIP .10, load balanced
to !--- SCA .250, port 443. Cat6k#show module csm 5 real detail
192.168.2.10, WEBFARM, state = OPERATIONAL
 conns = 1, maxconns = 4294967295, minconns = 0
 weight = 8, weight(admin) = 8, metric = 0, remainder = 1
 total conns established = 1, total conn failures = 0
192.168.2.11, WEBFARM, state = OPERATIONAL
 conns = 1, maxconns = 4294967295, minconns = 0
 weight = 8, weight(admin) = 8, metric = 0, remainder = 1
 total conns established = 1, total conn failures = 0
192.168.1.250:443, SCA443, state = OPERATIONAL
 conns = 1, maxconns = 4294967295, minconns = 0
 weight = 8, weight(admin) = 8, metric = 0, remainder = 1
 total conns established = 1, total conn failures = 0
192.168.1.251:443, SCA443, state = OPERATIONAL
 conns = 0, maxconns = 4294967295, minconns = 0
 weight = 8, weight(admin) = 8, metric = 0, remainder = 0
 total conns established = 0, total conn failures = 0
192.168.1.250:444, SCA444, state = OPERATIONAL
 conns = 1, maxconns = 4294967295, minconns = 0
```

```
weight = 8, weight(admin) = 8, metric = 0, remainder = 1
 total conns established = 1, total conn failures = 0
192.168.1.251:444, SCA444, state = OPERATIONAL
 conns = 0, maxconns = 4294967295, minconns = 0
 weight = 8, weight(admin) = 8, metric = 0, remainder = 0
 total conns established = 0, total conn failures = 0
!--- This output shows that each web server has received a !--- connection. !--- The SCA .250
has received two connections, one to port 443 and !--- one to port 444. !--- The SCA .251 has
not yet received any connection because !--- only two connections are open. One is open to each
site !--- (10.10.10.10 and 10.10.20). A different port (443 or 444) !--- on the SCAs handles
each site. The first !--- connection for each site goes to the first SCAs. !--- The following
connection to either .10 or .20 goes to !--- .251, port 443 or 444, respectively. !--- This is
SCA1 output. !--- There is one open connection. scal# show netstat
Pro State Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address
                                   Remote Address
R-Win S-Win
_____
tcp ESTAB 0 0 192.168.1.250:443 10.15.0.50:2324
33580 16529
tcp ESTAB 0 0 192.168.1.250:4376 10.10.10.100:81
33304 17232
        0 0 *:4099
                                    *:*
udp
0
    0
    0 0 *:4098
udp
                                    *:*
0 0
tcp LISTN 0 0 *:2932
                                    *:*
0 0
          0 0 *:2932
udp
                                    *:*
   0
0
          0
                0 *:520
                                    *:*
udp
   0
0
udp
          0
                0 *:514
                                    *:*
0 0
tcp LISTN 0 0 *:444
                                    *:*
0 0
tcp LISTN 0 0 *:443
                                    *:*
32768 0
tcp LISTN 0 0 *:80
                                    *:*
0 0
tcp LISTN 0 0 *:23
                                    *:*
0 0
scal#
!--- There are two open connections. scal# show netstat
Pro State Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address Remote Address
R-Win S-Win
_____
tcp ESTAB 0 0 192.168.1.250:444
                                   10.15.0.50:2325
33580 16529
tcp ESTAB 0 0 192.168.1.250:443 10.15.0.50:2324
33580 16529
tcp ESTAB 0 0 192.168.1.250:4377 10.10.10.100:81
33304 17232
tcp ESTAB 0 0 192.168.1.250:4376 10.10.10.100:81
33304 17232
          0 0 *:4099
udp
                                    * • *
0
    0
          0
                0 *:4098
                                    *:*
udp
   0
0
tcp LISTN 0
                0 *:2932
                                    *:*
0 0
          0
                0 *:2932
                                    *:*
udp
0 0
   0 0 *:520
                                    *:*
udp
    0
0
```

:

0 0 *:514

udp

0	0						
tcp	LISTN		0	0	*:444	*	: *
32768		0					
tcp	LISTN		0	0	*:443	*	: *
32768		0					
tcp	LISTN		0	0	*:80	*	: *
0	0						
tcp	LISTN		0	0	*:23	*	:*
0	0						
scal#							

Troubleshoot

目前没有针对此配置的故障排除信息。