# Configurando um Cisco 3600 router com T1/E1 e módulos de rede de modem digital

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# **Introduction**

Em muitos ambientes, é necessário configurar um Servidor de acesso para aceitar o recebimento de chamadas de usuários assíncronos e ISDN. Esses usuários poderiam se conectar sem problemas à rede como se estivessem presentes fisicamente. Portanto, essa instalação é usada freqüentemente para fornecer a conectividade de rede para os usuários que trafegam ou se telecomunicam, assim como para as estações de Small Office-Home Office (SOHO).

Este documento trata de como configurar um Cisco 3600 Series Router para aceitar chamadas recebidas Assíncronas em circuitos ISDN T1 (PRI ou sinalização associada a canal [CAS]). Essa configuração inclui apenas o mínimo limitado exigido para que o Servidor de Acesso à Rede (NAS) aceite a chamada. Recursos adicionais podem ser acrescentados a esta configuração, dependendo das necessidades.

**Observação:** esta configuração não mostra como configurar a discagem assíncrona sobre BRI em um 3600 Series Router. Para obter mais informações, consulte o documento <u>Configuração da</u> <u>Conectividade de Modem com um Cisco 3640 BRI</u>.

# **Prerequisites**

# **Requirements**

Não existem requisitos específicos para este documento.

#### **Componentes Utilizados**

Esta configuração foi desenvolvida e testada utilizando as versões de software e hardware abaixo.

- Um Cisco 3640 Series Router com um One-port Channelized T1/ISDN-PRI Network Module (NM-1CT1-CSU) e um 24 port Digital Modem Network Module (NM-24DM).
- O roteador Cisco 3640 está executando o Cisco IOS® Software Versão 12.1(5)T9.
- Um circuito PRI T1.
- Um circuito CAS T1.

As informações neste documento foram criadas a partir de dispositivos em um ambiente de laboratório específico. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. Se você estiver trabalhando em uma rede ativa, certifique-se de que entende o impacto potencial de qualquer comando antes de utilizá-lo.

### **Produtos Relacionados**

Esta configuração pode ser utilizada em qualquer Cisco 3600 Series Router com um T1/E1 Network Module e o Digital Modem Network Module.

Para um exemplo de configuração envolvendo os AS5x00 Series Routers, consulte o documento <u>Configuração de um Servidor de Acesso com PRIs para Chamadas de Entrada Assíncronas e</u> <u>ISDN</u>.

Essa configuração pode também ser modificada para ser usada com portas E1 ou PRI. Configure o controlador E1com a codificação de linha, enquadramento e outras características físicas suportadas pela Telco. A configuração do canal D PRI (serial de interface x:15 para E1s) é similar àquela mostrada aqui.

### **Conventions**

Para obter mais informações sobre convenções de documento, consulte as <u>Convenções de dicas</u> <u>técnicas Cisco</u>.

# **Configurar**

Nesta seção, você encontrará informações para configurar os recursos descritos neste documento.

**Observação:** para encontrar informações adicionais sobre os comandos usados neste documento, use a <u>ferramenta IOS Command Lookup</u> (<u>somente</u> clientes<u>registrados</u>).

### Diagrama de Rede

Este documento utiliza a instalação de rede mostrada no diagrama abaixo.



# Tarefas de pré-configuração

#### Tarefa Um

Determine o número do slot no qual os modems digitais estão instalados. Use o comando EXEC **show diag para determinar o slot no qual o módulo está instalado.** Abaixo, um exemplo de saída do comando de EXEC show diag:

00 ... ! -- Irrelevant Output omitted ....

#### Tarefa Dois

Determine os números de linha ou intervalo de interface assíncrona associada ao módulo do modem.

Consulte a tabela encontrada no documento How Async Lines are Numbered in Cisco 3600 Series Routers para determinar o intervalo da linha.

Neste exemplo, o Digital Modem Network Module está no slot 1 do Cisco 3640 Router. Consultando o documento mencionado anteriormente, constatamos que o intervalo do número de linha é de 33 a 64. Entretanto, como o módulo do modem possui apenas 24 portas, o intervalo é apenas das linhas 33 a 56 (as oito remanescentes não são utilizadas).

Dica: você também pode usar a fórmula mostrada abaixo para localizar o intervalo de linha:

Portanto, para o nosso exemplo, o número de linha inicial é (1 \* 32) + 0 + 1 = 33 e o número de linha final é 56.

#### **Configurações**

Veja a seguir algumas amostras de configuração para um roteador Cisco 3640 que aceita chamadas assíncronas. O primeiro exemplo utiliza circuito CAS T1, enquanto o segundo utiliza circuito PRI T1. Escolha a configuração apropriada com base no seu circuito T1/E1.

Cisco 3640 com T1 CAS
acc-3640-6a# <b>show running-config</b>
Building configuration
Current configuration : 1137 bytes
: version 12 1
no service single-slot-reload-enable
service timestamps debug uptime
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
service internal
!
hostname acc-3640-6a
!
logging rate-limit console 10 except errors
1
username dialin password 0 user
! Usernames for local authentication of the call. ! -
- The client presents the username/password and the NAS
! authenticates the peer. 1p subhet-zero ! no 1p
10.98 1 220 / Charlenge (for sound glionts) the TR
address of domain name server async-booth hhrs-server
10 98 1 221 / Specifies (for asymc clients) the IP
address of WINS server, call rsvp-svnc ! controller T1
0/0 ! T1 Physical interface controller configuration.
! Interfaces are addressed as controller slot/port. !
In this example, the NM-1CT1-CSU module is in slot 0.
framing esf ! Framing for this T1 is Extended Super
Frame (ESF). ! Obtain this information from the
telco. linecode b8zs ! Linecoding for this T1. Obtain
this information from the telco. ds0-group 0 timeslots
1-24 type e & m-immediate-start; ! CAS T1 with E & M
Immediate Start provided by telco. ! Verify your
signaling type with your local provider. Prior to Cisco
IOS ! Software Release 12.0(5)T, this command was
known as cas-group. ! interface Ethernet2/0 ip address
10.98.1.51 255.255.255.0 half-duplex ! interface Group-
Asymci : This group-asymc interface is the
configuration complate for all modems, ! individual asymc interface do not have to be configured since they
I can be cloned from one managed conv in unnumbered
Ethernet2/0 encapsulation ppp dialer in-band dialer-
group 1 ! Apply interesting traffic definition from
dialer-list 1. ! Note: The specified dialer-group
number must be the same as ! the <b>dialer-list</b> number;
in this example, defined to be "1". ! Interesting
traffic specifies the packets that should reset the idle

```
timer.
dialer idle-timeout 600
 ! -- Sets Idle timer to 600 seconds (10 minutes). async
mode dedicated ! -- Allows only PPP dialup. Prevents
users from establishing ! -- an "EXEC session" to the
router. If the async interface is to answer ! --
different connection types (exec,ppp,slip etc), ! -- use
async mode interactive in conjunction with autoselect
ppp ! -- under the line configuration to auto detect the
connection type. peer default ip address pool dialin ! -
- Clients are assigned addresses from the ip address
pool named "dialin".
ppp authentication chap pap
group-range 33 56
 ! -- Modems 33 through 56 are members of this group
async interface. ! -- This range was determined in the
section Pre-configuration Tasks. ! ip local pool dialin
10.98.1.15 10.98.1.39 ! -- IP address pool for dialin
clients. ip classless ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.98.1.1
no ip http server ! dialer-list 1 protocol ip permit ! -
- Specifies all IP traffic as interesting. Interesting
traffic ! -- specifies the packets that should reset the
idle timer. ! -- This is applied to interface Group-
Async 1 using dialer-group 1. ! -- Note: The specified
dialer-list number must be the same as the ! -- dialer-
group number; in this example, defined to be "1".
dial-peer cor custom
line con 0
transport input none
line 33 56
! -- TTY lines for the NM-24DM Modems. ! -- This line
range was determined in the section Pre-configuration
Tasks. modem InOut ! -- Support incoming and outgoing
modem calls. transport input all line aux 0 line vty 0 4
login ! end
Cisco 3640 com T1 PRI
acc-3640-6a#show running-config
Building configuration...
Current configuration : 1200 bytes
!
version 12.1
no service single-slot-reload-enable
service timestamps debug datetime msec
service timestamps log uptime
no service password-encryption
1
hostname acc-3640-6a
1
logging rate-limit console 10 except errors
username dialin password 0 user
! -- Usernames for local authentication of the call. The
client ! -- presents the username/password and the NAS
authenticates the peer. ! -- To use AAA with RADIUS or
```

TACACS+ refer to the document ! -- Implementing the Server-Based AAA Subsystem ip subnet-zero ! ! no ip finger no ip domain-lookup ! async-bootp dns-server 10.98.1.220! -- Specifies (for async clients) the IP address of domain name server. async-bootp nbns-server 10.98.1.221 ! -- Specifies (for async clients) the IP address of WINS server. isdn switch-type primary-5ess call rsvp-sync ! controller T1 0/0 ! -- T1 Physical interface controller configuration. ! -- Interfaces are addressed as controller slot/port. ! -- In this example, the NM-1CT1-CSU module is in slot 0. framing esf ! --Framing for this T1 is Extended Super Frame (ESF). ! --Obtain this information from the telco. linecode b8zs ! -- Linecoding for this T1. Obtain this information from the telco. pri-group timeslots 1-24 ! -- For T1 PRI scenarios, all 24 T1 timeslots are assigned as ! -- ISDN PRI channels. The router will now automatically create ! -- the corresponding D-channel: interface Serial 0/0:23.

#### interface Serial0/0:23

1

! -- D-channel configuration for T1 0/0. no ip address encapsulation ppp isdn switch-type primary-5ess isdn incoming-voice modem ! -- All incoming voice calls on this T1 are sent to the modems. ! -- This command is required if this T1 is to accept async calls. ! -- The controller will now pass voice calls (bearercap 0x9090A2) to the modem bank. ! interface Ethernet2/0 ip address 10.98.1.51 255.255.255.0 half-duplex ! interface Group-Async1 ! -- This group-async interface is the configuration template for all modems. ! -- Individual async interface do not have to be configured since they can ! -- be cloned from one managed copy. ip unnumbered Ethernet2/0 encapsulation ppp dialer in-band dialergroup 1 !--- Apply interesting traffic definition from dialer-list 1. ! -- Note: The specified dialer-group number must be the same as ! -- the **dialer-list** number; in this example, defined to be "1". ! -- Interesting traffic specifies the packets that should reset the idle timer.

#### dialer idle-timeout 600 async mode dedicated

! -- Allows only PPP dialup. Prevents users from establishing an ! -- "EXEC session" to the router. If the async interface is to answer different ! -connection types(exec,ppp,slip etc), use async mode <u>interactive</u> in ! -- conjunction with <u>autoselect ppp</u> under the line configuration ! -- to auto detect the connection type. peer default ip address pool dialin ! -- Clients are assigned addresses from the ip address pool named "dialin". ppp authentication chap pap grouprange 33 56 ! -- Modems 33 through 56 are members of this group async interface. ! -- This range was determined in the section <u>Pre-configuration</u> Tasks. ! ip local pool dialin 10.98.1.15 10.98.1.39 ! -- IP address pool for dialin clients. ip classless ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.98.1.1 no ip http server ! dialer-list 1 protocol ip permit ! -- Specifies all IP traffic as interesting. ! -- Interesting traffic specifies the packets that should reset the idle timer. ! -- This is applied to interface Group-Async 1 using dialer-group 1. ! -- Note: The specified dialer-list number must be the same as the ! -- dialer-group number; in this example,

```
defined to be "1".
dial-peer cor custom
!
line con 0
transport input none
line 33 56
! -- TTY lines for the NM-24DM Modems. ! -- This line
range was determined in the section <u>Pre-configuration</u>
Tasks. modem InOut ! -- Support incoming and outgoing
modem calls. transport input all line aux 0 line vty 0 4
login ! end
```

# **Verificar**

Esta seção fornece informações que você pode usar para confirmar se sua configuração está funcionando adequadamente.

A <u>Output Interpreter Tool (somente clientes registrados) oferece suporte a determinados</u> comandos show, o que permite exibir uma análise da saída do comando show.

- show isdn status Garante que o roteador está se comunicando corretamente com o switch ISDN. Na saída, verifique se o status da camada 1 está ATIVO e se o estado de status da camada 2 = MULTIPLE\_FRAME\_ESTABLISHED é exibido. Esse comando exibe também o número de chamadas ativas.
- show caller user username detail Mostra parâmetros para o usuário particular, como endereço IP designado, PPP, parâmetros de pacote PPP, etc. Se sua versão do Cisco IOS Software não suporta este comando, utilize o comando show user.
- show dialer map Exibe os mapas configurados de discador dinâmicos e estáticos. Este comando pode ser utilizado para ver se um mapa de discador dinâmico foi criado. Sem um mapa de discadores, você não pode encaminhar pacotes.

# **Troubleshoot**

Esta seção fornece informações que podem ser usadas para o troubleshooting da sua configuração.

# Troubleshooting de Recursos

Utilize os seguintes recursos para Troubleshooting conforme necessário:

- Troubleshooting de Chamada de Modem Recebida Para Troubleshooting de Falha de Chamada Analógica.
- <u>PRI Async Modem Callin informações adicionais sobre Troubleshooting de Falhas de</u> <u>Chamada Analógica.</u>
- Fluxograma de Troubleshooting de T1 Use este fluxograma se suspeitar que o circuito T1 não está funcionando de forma adequada.
- <u>Testes de circuito fechado para linhas T1/56K</u> Para verificar se a porta T1do roteador está funcionando corretamente.

#### Comandos para Troubleshooting

Determinados comandos show são suportados pela Ferramenta Output Interpreter, que permite que você veja uma análise do resultado do comando show.

**Observação:** antes de emitir comandos **debug**, consulte <u>Informações importantes sobre</u> <u>comandos debug</u>.

- debug dialer Exibe informações de depuração de DDR sobre os pacotes recebidos em uma interface de discador. Estas informações podem ajudá-lo a assegurar que há tráfego interessante que pode utilizar a interface de discador.
- debug isdn q931 Exibe a configuração de chamada e alinhamento da conexão de rede ISDN (Camada 3).
- **debug modem** Exibe a atividade da linha do modem em um servidor de acesso. A saída mostra quando a linha de modem muda de estado.
- debug modem csm Um comando EXEC para fazer Troubleshooting do Call Switching Module (CSM) em roteadores com modems digitais internos. Com este comando, você pode rastrear a seqüência completa de chamadas recebidas e enviadas por switching.
- debug ppp negotiation Exibe informações sobre o tráfego PPP e alterações enquanto negocia o Protocolo de controle de enlace (LCP), autenticação e Protocolo de controle de rede (NCP). Uma negociação de PPP bem-sucedida abre primeiramente o estado do LCP e, em seguida, autentica e, finalmente, negocia o NCP. Parâmetros multilink, como Maximum receive reconstructed unit (MRRU), são estabelecidos durante a negociação LCP.
- debug ppp authentication Exibe as mensagens de protocolo de autenticação PPP, incluindo os intercâmbios do pacote CHAP e intercâmbios de protocolo de autenticação de senha (PAP).
- debug ppp error Exibe erros do protocolo e estatísticas de erros associados à negociação e operação da conexão PPP

Seguem algumas saídas de depuração das chamada bem-sucedidas (usando T1 CAS). Preste atenção às seções em negrito e comentários fornecidos nas saídas. Compare a saída que você obtém com o resultado mostrado abaixo.

```
acc-3640-6a#show debug
CSM Modem Management:
 Modem Management Call Switching Module debugging is on
PPP:
 PPP authentication debugging is on
 PPP protocol negotiation debugging is on
! -- Only debug modem csm, debug ppp authentication and ! -- debug ppp negotiation were
activated.
acc-3640-6a#
00:13:42: Modem 255/255 CSM: received EVENT_CALL_DIAL_IN with call_id 0000
00:13:42: src 0/0/0 dest 255/0/255 cause 512
00:13:42: CSM: Next free modem = 1/0; statbits = 10020
00:13:42: Modem 1/0 CSM: modem is allocated, modems free=23
! -- The Call Switch Module (CSM) is informed of the call. ! -- The CSM allocates modem 1/0 to
the incoming call. 00:13:42: Modem 1/0 CSM: (CSM_PROC_IDLE)<--DSX0_CALL 00:13:42: Modem 1/0 CSM:
(CSM PROC_IC_CAS_CHANNEL_LOCKED) <--CSM_EVENT_MODEM_SETUP_00:13:42: Modem 1/0 CSM: received
EVENT START RX TONE with call id 0000 00:13:42: src 0/0/0 dest 1/0/0 cause 0 00:13:42: Modem 1/0
CSM: (CSM_PROC_IC_CAS_ANSWER_CALL)<--DSX0_START_RX_TONE 00:13:42: Modem 1/0 CSM: received
EVENT_CHANNEL_CONNECTED with call_id 0000 00:13:42: src 0/0/0 dest 1/0/0 cause 0 00:13:42: Modem
1/0 CSM: (CSM_PROC_IC_CAS_ANSWER_CALL) <-- DSX0_CONNECTED 00:14:04: Modem 1/0 CSM:
```

#### (CSM\_PROC\_CAS\_WAIT\_FOR\_CARRIER) <--MODEM\_CONNECTED

! -- Modem 1/0 is Connected. 00:14:07: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Async33, changed state to up ! -- Modem 1/0 corresponds to int async 33 (and line 33). 00:14:07: As33 PPP: Treating connection as a callin 00:14:07: As33 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Passive Open [0 sess, 0 load] 00:14:07: As33 LCP: State is Listen

! -- LCP negotiation begins. 00:14:08: As33 LCP: I CONFREQ [Listen] id 2 len 23 ! -- Incoming LCP CONFREQ. ! -- For more information on interpreting PPP debugs refer to the document ! --Dialup Technology: Troubleshooting Techniques. 00:14:08: As33 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: MagicNumber 0x00ADDA8E (0x050600ADDA8E) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: PFC (0x0702) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: Callback 6 (0x0D0306) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: O CONFREQ [Listen] id 12 len 25 00:14:08: As33 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: MagicNumber 0xD0653B57 (0x0506D0653B57) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: PFC (0x0702) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: O CONFREJ [Listen] id 2 len 7 00:14:08: As33 LCP: Callback 6 (0x0D0306) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 12 len 25 00:14:08: As33 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: MagicNumber 0xD0653B57 (0x0506D0653B57) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: PFC (0x0702) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 3 len 20 00:14:08: As33 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: MagicNumber 0x00ADDA8E (0x050600ADDA8E) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: PFC (0x0702) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: O CONFACK [ACKrcvd] id 3 len 20 00:14:08: As33 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: MagicNumber 0x00ADDA8E (0x050600ADDA8E) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: PFC (0x0702) 00:14:08: As33 LCP:

ACFC (0x0802) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: State is Open

! --- LCP negotiation is complete. 00:14:08: As33 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by this end [0
sess, 0 load] 00:14:08: As33 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 1 len 32 from "acc-3640-6a" 00:14:08: As33
AUTH: Started process 0 pid 94 00:14:08: As33 CHAP: I RESPONSE id 1 len 27 from "dialin"
00:14:08: As33 CHAP: O SUCCESS id 1 len 4

! -- CHAP authentication is successful. ! -- If this fails verify that the username and password are correct. ! -- Refer to <u>Dialup Technology: Troubleshooting Techniques</u>. 00:14:08: As33 **PPP: Phase is UP** [0 sess, 0 load]

! -- IPCP negotiation begins. 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 10 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.51 (0x03060A620133) 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 1 len 40 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: CompressType VJ 15 slots CompressSlotID (0x0206002D0F01) 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x03060000000) 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x81060000000) 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x82060000000) 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x83060000000) 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x840600000000) 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: Pool returned 10.98.1.15 ! -- The IP Address Pool "dialin" provides the address for the client 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: O CONFREJ [REQsent] id 1 len 22 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: CompressType VJ 15 slots CompressSlotID (0x0206002D0F01) 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x83060000000) 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x840600000000) 00:14:08: As33 CCP: I CONFREQ [Not negotiated] id 1 len 15 00:14:08: As33 CCP: MS-PPC supported bits 0x00000001 (0x120600000001) 00:14:08: As33 CCP: Stacker history 1 check mode EXTENDED (0x1105000104) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: O PROTREJ [Open] id 13 len 21 protocol CCP 00:14:08: As33 LCP: (0x80FD0101000F1206000000111050001) 00:14:08: As33 LCP: (0x04) 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 10 00:14:08: As33 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.51 (0x03060A620133) 00:14:10: As33 IPCP: TIMEout: State ACKrcvd 00:14:10: As33 IPCP: O CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 10 00:14:10: As33 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.51 (0x03060A620133) 00:14:10: As33 IPCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 2 len 10 00:14:10: As33 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.51 (0x03060A620133) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 34 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x03060000000) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x81060000000) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x82060000000) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x83060000000) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x84060000000) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: O CONFREJ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 16 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x83060000000) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x84060000000) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 3 len 22 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x03060000000) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x81060000000) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x820600000000) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: O CONFNAK [ACKrcvd] id 3 len 22 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.15 (0x03060A62010F) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 10.98.1.220 (0x81060A6201DC) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 10.98.1.221 (0x82060A6201DD) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 4 len 22 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.15 (0x03060A62010F) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 10.98.1.220 (0x81060A6201DC) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 10.98.1.221 (0x82060A6201DD) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: O CONFACK [ACKrcvd] id 4 len 22 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.15 (0x03060A62010F) 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: **PrimaryDNS 10.98.1.220** (0x81060A6201DC)

! -- The Primary DNS server is agreed upon. ! -- This was configured using the async bootp

commands. 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 10.98.1.221 (0x82060A6201DD)
! -- The Primary WINS server is agreed upon. ! -- This was configured using the async bootp
commands. 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: State is Open
! -- IPCP negotiation is complete. The user is now connected. 00:14:11: As33 IPCP: Install route
to 10.98.1.15
! -- The NAS installs a route to the client.

Um ping de ICMP para o correspondente remoto foi bem-sucedido.

acc-3640-6a#ping 10.98.1.15

Type escape sequence to abort. Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.98.1.15, timeout is 2 seconds: !!!!! Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 124/138/148 ms acc-3640-6a#

Veja a seguir algumas saídas de debugação das chamada bem-sucedidas (usando T1 PRI). Preste atenção às seções em negrito e comentários fornecidos nas saídas. Compare a saída que você obtém com o resultado mostrado abaixo.

```
acc-3640-6a#show debug
CSM Modem Management:
 Modem Management Call Switching Module debugging is on
PPP:
 PPP authentication debugging is on
 PPP protocol negotiation debugging is on
ISDN:
 ISDN Q931 packets debugging is on
 ISDN Q931 packets debug DSLs. (On/Off/No DSL:1/0/-)
 DSL 0 --> 31
 1 - - - - - - -
                     _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _
 ! -- Only debug modem csm, debug ppp authentication, debug ppp negotiation and ! -- debug isdn
q931 were activated.
acc-3640-6a#
*Mar 1 00:22:43.743: ISDN Se0/0:23: RX <- SETUP pd = 8 callref = 0x32
! -- Incoming Q.931 SETUP message. Indicates an incoming call. ! -- For more information on
Q.931 refer to the document. ! -- Troubleshooting ISDN Layer 3 using the debug isdn g931
<u>Command</u>. *Mar 1 00:22:43.747: Bearer Capability i = 0x9090A2 *Mar 1 00:22:43.747: Channel ID i =
0xA98393 *Mar 1 00:22:43.747: Calling Party Number i = 0x2183, '9194722001', Plan:ISDN,
Type:National *Mar 1 00:22:43.747: Called Party Number i = 0xC1, '9194724137', Plan:ISDN,
Type:Subscriber(local) *Mar 1 00:22:43.755: CSM: MODEM REPORT from 0/0:18, call id=0x4,
event=0x1, cause=0x0, dchan_idb=0x62442AB8 *Mar 1 00:22:43.755: CSM: Next free modem = 1/3;
statbits = 10020 ! -- The Call Switch Module (CSM) is informed of the call. ! -- The CSM
allocates modem 2/0 to the incoming call. *Mar 1 00:22:43.755: Modem 1/3 CSM: modem is
allocated, modems free=23 *Mar 1 00:22:43.755: Modem 1/3 CSM: Incoming call from 9194722001 to
9194724137, id 0x4 *Mar 1 00:22:43.755: Modem 1/3 CSM: (CSM_PROC_IDLE)<--ISDN_CALL *Mar 1
00:22:43.803: ISDN Se0/0:23: TX -> CALL_PROC pd = 8 callref = 0x8032
*Mar 1 00:22:43.803:
                             Channel ID i = 0xA98393
! -- The Call Proceeding Message is sent through the D-channel. *Mar 1 00:22:43.807: ISDN
Se0/0:23: TX -> ALERTING pd = 8 callref = 0x8032 *Mar 1 00:22:43.807: ISDN Se0/0:23: TX ->
CONNECT pd = 8 callref = 0x8032
! -- D-channel transmits a CONNECT. *Mar 1 00:22:43.907: ISDN Se0/0:23: RX <- CONNECT_ACK pd =
8 callref = 0x32
! -- Received the Q.931 CONNECT_ACK. *Mar 1 00:22:43.911: ISDN Se0/0:23: CALL_PROGRESS:
CALL_CONNECTED call id 0x4, bchan 18, dsl 0 *Mar 1 00:22:43.911: CSM: MODEM_REPORT from 0/0:18,
call_id=0x4, event=0x4, cause=0x0, dchan_idb=0x62442AB8 *Mar 1 00:22:43.911: Modem 1/3 CSM:
MODEM_REPORT rcvd DEV_CONNECTED for call_id 0x4 *Mar 1 00:22:43.911: Modem 1/3 CSM:
(CSM_PROC_MODEM_RESERVED) <-- ISDN_CONNECTED 00:22:43: %ISDN-6-CONNECT: Interface Serial0/0:18 is
now connected to 9194722001 *Mar 1 00:23:06.291: Modem 1/3 CSM: (CSM_PROC_WAIT_FOR_CARRIER) <--
```

#### MODEM\_CONNECTED

! -- Modem is connected. 00:23:08: %LINK-3-UPDOWN: Interface Async36, changed state to up ! -- Modem 1/3 corresponds to int async 36 (and line 36). \*Mar 1 00:23:08.755: As36 PPP: Treating connection as a callin \*Mar 1 00:23:08.755: As36 PPP: Phase is ESTABLISHING, Passive Open [0 sess, 0 load] \*Mar 1 00:23:08.755: As36 LCP: State is Listen ! -- LCP negotiation begins. \*Mar 1 00:23:09.399: As36 LCP: I CONFREQ [Listen] id 2 len 23 ! -- Incoming LCP CONFREQ. ! -- For more information on interpreting PPP debugs refer to the document ! -- Dialup Technology: Troubleshooting Techniques. \*Mar 1 00:23:09.399: As36 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.399: As36 LCP: MagicNumber 0x009B41FA (0x0506009B41FA) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.399: As36 LCP: PFC (0x0702) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.399: As36 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.399: As36 LCP: Callback 6 (0x0D0306) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.399: As36 LCP: 0 CONFREQ [Listen] id 1 len 25 \*Mar 1 00:23:09.399: As36 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.399: As36 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.403: As36 LCP: MagicNumber 0xD06D7DF1 (0x0506D06D7DF1) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.403: As36 LCP: PFC (0x0702) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.403: As36 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.403: As36 LCP: O CONFREJ [Listen] id 2 len 7 \*Mar 1 00:23:09.403: As36 LCP: Callback 6 (0x0D0306) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.523: As36 LCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 25 \*Mar 1 00:23:09.523: As36 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.523: As36 LCP: AuthProto CHAP (0x0305C22305) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.523: As36 LCP: MagicNumber 0xD06D7DF1 (0x0506D06D7DF1) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.523: As36 LCP: PFC (0x0702) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.523: As36 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.527: As36 LCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 3 len 20 \*Mar 1 00:23:09.531: As36 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.531: As36 LCP: MagicNumber 0x009B41FA (0x0506009B41FA) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.531: As36 LCP: PFC (0x0702) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.531: As36 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.531: As36 LCP: O CONFACK [ACKrcvd] id 3 len 20 \*Mar 1 00:23:09.531: As36 LCP: ACCM 0x000A0000 (0x0206000A0000) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.531: As36 LCP: MagicNumber 0x009B41FA (0x0506009B41FA) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.531: As36 LCP: PFC (0x0702) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.531: As36 LCP: ACFC (0x0802) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.531: As36 LCP: State is Open ! --- LCP negotiation is complete. \*Mar 1 00:23:09.531: As36 PPP: Phase is AUTHENTICATING, by this end [0 sess, 0 load] \*Mar 1 00:23:09.531: As36 CHAP: O CHALLENGE id 1 len 32 from "acc-3640-6a" \*Mar 1 00:23:09.651: As36 CHAP: I RESPONSE id 1 len 27 from "dialin" \*Mar 1 00:23:09.655: As36 CHAP: O SUCCESS id 1 len 4 ! -- CHAP authentication is successful. ! -- If this fails verify that the username and password are correct. ! -- Refer to Dialup Technology: Troubleshooting Techniques. \*Mar 1 00:23:09.655: As36 PPP: Phase is UP [0 sess, 0 load] \*Mar 1 00:23:09.655: As36 IPCP: O CONFREQ [Closed] id 1 len 10 \*Mar 1 00:23:09.655: As36 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.51 (0x03060A620133) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.771: As36 IPCP: I CONFREQ [REQsent] id 1 len 40 \*Mar 1 00:23:09.771: As36 IPCP: CompressType VJ 15 slots CompressSlotID (0x0206002D0F01) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.771: As36 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x03060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.771: As36 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x81060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.771: As36 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x82060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.771: As36 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x83060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.771: As36 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x84060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.771: As36 IPCP: Pool returned 10.98.1.15 ! -- The IP Address Pool "dialin" provides the address for the client. \*Mar 1 00:23:09.771: As36 IPCP: O CONFREJ [REQsent] id 1 len 22 \*Mar 1 00:23:09.771: As36 IPCP: CompressType VJ 15 slots CompressSlotID (0x0206002D0F01) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.771: As36 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x83060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.771: As36 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x840600000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.779: As36 CCP: I CONFREQ [Not negotiated] id 1 len 15 \*Mar 1 00:23:09.779: As36 CCP: MS-PPC supported bits 0x00000001 (0x120600000001) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.779: As36 CCP: Stacker history 1 check mode EXTENDED (0x1105000104) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.779: As36 LCP: O PROTREJ [Open] id 2 len 21 protocol CCP \*Mar 1 00:23:09.779: As36 LCP: (0x80FD0101000F12060000000111050001) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.779: As36 LCP: (0x04) \*Mar 1 00:23:09.783: As36 IPCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 1 len 10 \*Mar 1 00:23:09.783: As36 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.51 (0x03060A620133) \*Mar 1 00:23:11.655: As36 IPCP: TIMEout: State ACKrcvd \*Mar 1 00:23:11.655: As36 IPCP: O CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 10 \*Mar 1 00:23:11.655: As36 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.51 (0x03060A620133) \*Mar 1 00:23:11.759: As36 IPCP: I CONFACK [REQsent] id 2 len 10 \*Mar 1 00:23:11.759: As36 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.51 (0x03060A620133) \*Mar 1 00:23:12.759: As36 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 34 \*Mar 1 00:23:12.763: As36 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x03060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:12.763: As36 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x81060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:12.763: As36 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x82060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:12.763: As36 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x83060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:12.763: As36 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x84060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:12.763: As36 IPCP: O CONFREJ [ACKrcvd] id 2 len 16 \*Mar 1 00:23:12.763: As36 IPCP: SecondaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x83060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:12.763: As36 IPCP: SecondaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x840600000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:12.871: As36 IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 3 len 22 \*Mar 1 00:23:12.871: As36 IPCP: Address 0.0.0.0 (0x03060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:12.871: As36 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 0.0.0.0 (0x81060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:12.871: As36 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 0.0.0.0 (0x82060000000) \*Mar 1 00:23:12.871: As36 IPCP: O CONFNAK [ACKrcvd] id 3 len 22 \*Mar 1 00:23:12.871: As36 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.15

```
(0x03060A62010F) *Mar 1 00:23:12.871: As36 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 10.98.1.220 (0x81060A6201DC) *Mar 1
00:23:12.871: As36 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 10.98.1.221 (0x82060A6201DD) *Mar 1 00:23:12.979: As36
IPCP: I CONFREQ [ACKrcvd] id 4 len 22 *Mar 1 00:23:12.979: As36 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.15
(0x03060A62010F) *Mar 1 00:23:12.979: As36 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 10.98.1.220 (0x81060A6201DC) *Mar 1
00:23:12.983: As36 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 10.98.1.221 (0x82060A6201DD) *Mar 1 00:23:12.983: As36
IPCP: O CONFACK [ACKrcvd] id 4 len 22 *Mar 1 00:23:12.983: As36 IPCP: Address 10.98.1.15
(0x03060A62010F) *Mar 1 00:23:12.983: As36 IPCP: PrimaryDNS 10.98.1.220 (0x81060A6201DC)
! -- The Primary DNS server is agreed upon. ! -- This was configured using the async bootp
commands. *Mar 1 00:23:12.983: As36 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 10.98.1.221 (0x82060A6201DD)
! -- The Primary WINS server is agreed upon. ! -- This was configured using the async bootp
commands. *Mar 1 00:23:12.983: As36 IPCP: PrimaryWINS 10.98.1.221 (0x82060A6201DD)
! -- The Primary WINS server is agreed upon. ! -- This was configured using the async bootp
commands. *Mar 1 00:23:12.983: As36 IPCP: State is Open
! -- The Primary WINS server is agreed upon. ! -- This was configured using the async bootp
commands. *Mar 1 00:23:12.983: As36 IPCP: State is Open
! -- IPCP negotiation is complete. The user is now connected. *Mar 1 00:23:12.983: As36 IPCP:
Install route to 10.98.1.15
! -- The NAS installs a route to the client.
```

Um ping de ICMP para o correspondente remoto foi bem-sucedido.

```
acc-3640-6a#ping 10.98.1.15
```

```
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.98.1.15, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 124/132/140 ms
acc-3640-6a#
```

# Informações Relacionadas

- Digital Modem Network Module para Cisco 3640
- Suporte de T1 CAS para o Digital Modem Network Module para Cisco 3640
- <u>Configurando o ISDN PRI e outras sinalizações em linhas E1 e T1</u>
- Visão geral sobre interfaces, controladores e linhas usados para acesso discado
- <u>Suporte Técnico Cisco Systems</u>