

Configure and Claim Standalone Nexus for Intersight Connectivity

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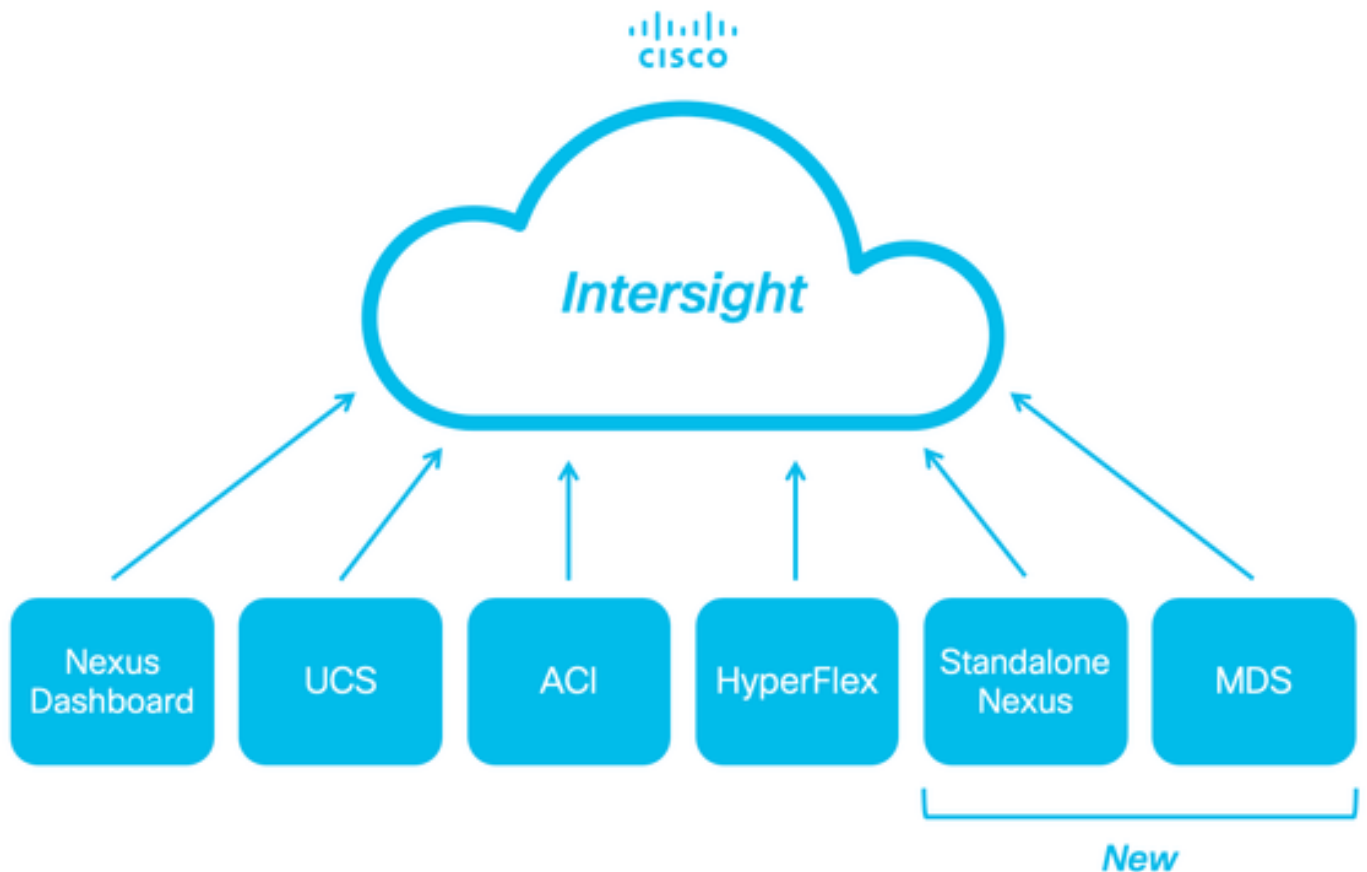
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Introduction

This document describes the steps required to enable and claim standalone Nexus switch(es) in Intersight for enhanced Cisco TAC support.



Prerequisites

You must have an account on [Intersight.com](https://intersight.com), no license is required for Cisco NX-OS® claiming. If a new Intersight account needs to be created, see [Account Creation](#).

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

On the Standalone Nexus switch, NXDC has these guidelines and limitations:

- Cisco NX-OS must be running release 10.2(3)F or later
- [DNS](#) must be configured under the proper Virtual Routing and Forwarding (VRF)
- `svc.intersight.com` must get resolved and allow outbound initiated HTTPS connections on port 443. This can be checked with `openssl` and `curl`. Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) requests are ignored.
- If a proxy is required for an HTTPS connection to `svc.intersight.com`, the proxy can be configured in the Nexus Switch Device Connector (NXDC) configuration. For proxy configuration, refer to [Configuring NXDC](#).

Components Used

The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

- Cisco Nexus N9K-C93240YC-FX2
- Cisco NX-OS 10.3(4a)M

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure

that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Background Information

Cisco Intersight is a cloud operations platform that consists of optional, modular capabilities of advanced infrastructure, workload optimization, and Kubernetes services. Visit [Intersight Overview](#) for more information.

Devices are connected to the Intersight portal through a NXDC that is embedded in the Cisco NX-OS image of each system. Beginning with Cisco NX-OS release 10.2(3)F, the Device Connector feature is supported which provides a secure way for the connected devices to send information and receive control instructions from the Cisco Intersight portal, using a secure Internet connection.

Connectivity Benefits

Intersight connectivity provides these features and benefits for the Cisco NX-OS-based platforms:

- Automated collection of `show tech-support` details via [Rapid Problem Resolution](#) (RPR for the TAC Service Requests open)
- Remote on-demand collection of `show tech-support` details
- Future features include:
 - Opening proactive TAC SRs based on telemetry or hardware failure
 - Remote on-demand collection of individual `show` commands and more

Quickstart Video

Manually Claim an NXOS Device

Connectivity Verification

Note: Ping responses are suppressed (ICMP packets are dropped).

In order to check Transport Layer Security (TLS) and HTTPS connectivity, enabling bash and executing `openssl` and `curl` commands in the desired VRF (`ip netns exec <VRF>`) is recommended.

! Enable bash

```
config terminal ; feature bash ; end
```

! Verify TLS

```
run bash ip netns exec management openssl s_client -connect svc.intersight.com:443
```

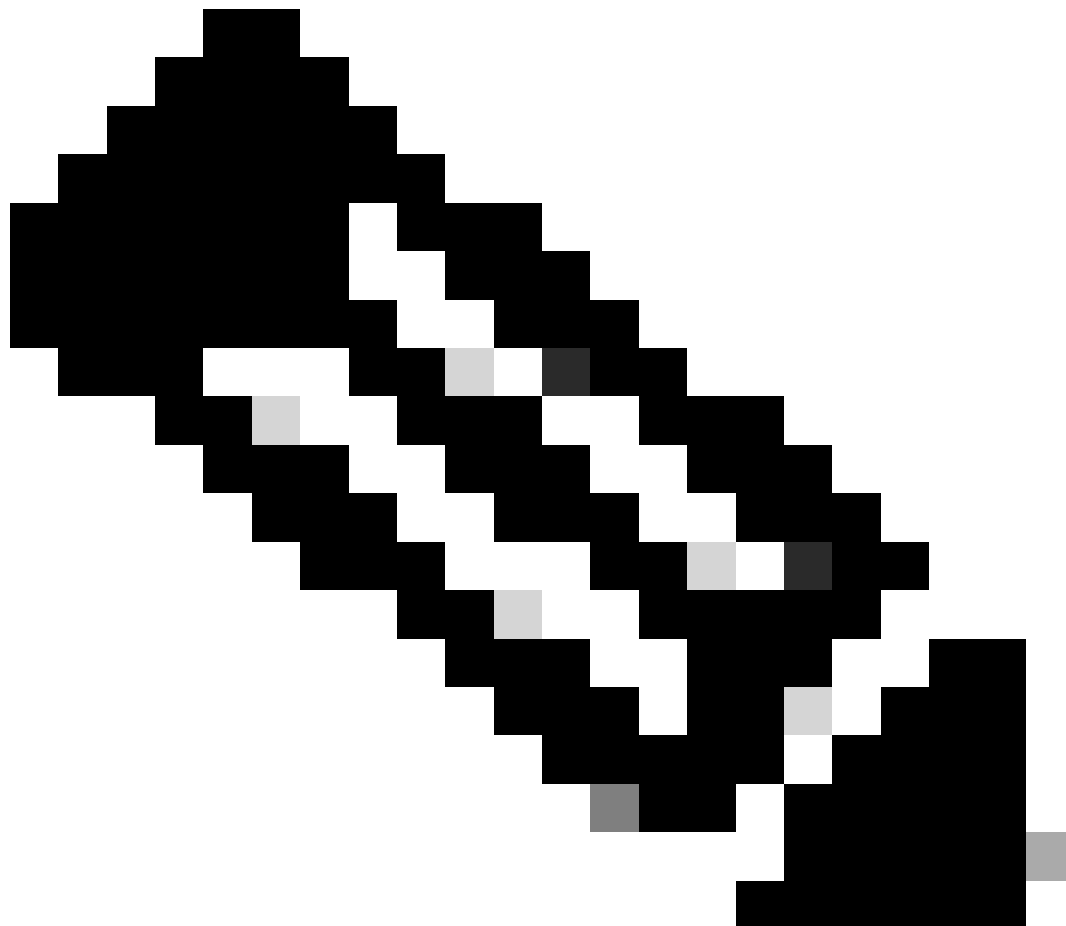
! Verify https

```
run bash ip netns exec management curl -v -I -L -k https://svc.intersight.com:443
```

```
run bash ip netns exec management curl -v -I -L -k https://svc.intersight.com:443 --proxy [protocol://
```

TLS Verification with OpenSSL Client

Using OpenSSL, you can check the TLS connectivity to `svc.intersight.com:443`. When successful, retrieve the public signed certificate by the server and display the Certificate Authority chain.



Note: The next example executes the `openssl s_client` command in the VRF management. Replace the desired in the `ip netns exec <VRF>` construct.

```
Switch# run bash ip netns exec management openssl s_client -connect svc.intersight.com:443
CONNECTED(00000004)
depth=2 C = US, O = Amazon, CN = Amazon Root CA 1
verify return:1
depth=1 C = US, O = Amazon, CN = Amazon RSA 2048 M01
verify return:1
depth=0 CN = us-east-1.intersight.com
verify return:1
---
Certificate chain
 0 s:CN = us-east-1.intersight.com
  i:C = US, O = Amazon, CN = Amazon RSA 2048 M01
```

1 s:C = US, O = Amazon, CN = Amazon RSA 2048 M01
i:C = US, O = Amazon, CN = Amazon Root CA 1
2 s:C = US, O = Amazon, CN = Amazon Root CA 1
i:C = US, ST = Arizona, L = Scottsdale, O = "Starfield Technologies, Inc.", CN = Starfield Services
3 s:C = US, ST = Arizona, L = Scottsdale, O = "Starfield Technologies, Inc.", CN = Starfield Services
i:C = US, O = "Starfield Technologies, Inc.", OU = Starfield Class 2 Certification Authority

Server certificate

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

```
MIIGfzCCBwegAwIBAgIQD859tBjPt+QUyVOXqkG2pzANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADA8
MoKXXrXrkESkWgbQad1Eo3H545ZsIx+mu83r7Gmv5L3+WFKzfUmLgeB2+z1Dk0Kg
U1NBIDiWnDggTTAxMB4XDTIzMDQwNTAwMDAwMFOXTIOMDUwMzIzNTk10VowIzEh
MB8GA1UEAxMYdXMtZWZzdC0xLm1udGVyc21naHQuY29tMIIBIjANBgkqhkiG9w0B
AoKXXrXrkESkWgbQad1Eo3H545ZsIx+mu83r7Gmv5L3+WFKzfUmLgeB2+z1Dk0Kn
BDM+MCNnvmgND1GnU6/t1jOC780QpKXr2ksbGC0FzHfMvNjEk9kMCUe179dummrs
p00FzvIrJGqYvkIXT5WLtiU9aP3+vSEWQ01kTeDHoDfLLJLON42cKjSkYt0jCTwE
poKXXrXrkESkWgbQad1Eo3H545ZsIx+mu83r7Gmv5L3+WFKzfUmLgeB2+z1Dk0KI
e1f3tYBhuQK3y4DoSgg1/gptnU01NwSqMu4zXjI7neGyHnzjsPUyI8qi1XbPS9tV
KoKXXrXrkESkWgbQad1Eo3H545ZsIx+mu83r7Gmv5L3+WFKzfUmLgeB2+z1Dk0Kw
HwYDVR0jBBgwFoAUUgBgOY4qJEhj1+js7UJWf5uWQE4UwHQYDVR0OBBYEFM7X7s7c
NoKXXrXrkESkWgbQad1Eo3H545ZsIx+mu83r7Gmv5L3+WFKzfUmLgeB2+z1Dk0Kp
Z2h0LmNvbYIac3ZjLXN0YXRpYzEuaW50ZXJzaWdodC5jb22CGioudXMtZWZzdC0x
LoKXXrXrkESkWgbQad1Eo3H545ZsIx+mu83r7Gmv5L3+WFKzfUmLgeB2+z1Dk0K1
Y3MtY29ubmVjdC5jb22CE3N2Yy51Y3MtY29ubmVjdC5jb22CDm1udGVyc21naHQu
Y29tghJzdmMuaW50ZXJzaWdodC5jb20wDgYDVR0PAQH/BAQDAgWgMB0GA1UdJQQW
MBQGCsGAQUFBwMBBggrBgEFBQcDAjA7BgNVHR8ENDAyMDCGqLqAshipodHRwOi8v
YoKXXrXrkESkWgbQad1Eo3H545ZsIx+mu83r7Gmv5L3+WFKzfUmLgeB2+z1Dk0KI
BgZngQwBAgEwdQYIKwYBBQUHAQEETBnMC0GCCsGAQUFBzABhiFodHRwOi8vb2Nz
coKXXrXrkESkWgbQad1Eo3H545ZsIx+mu83r7Gmv5L3+WFKzfUmLgeB2+z1Dk0Ku
cjJtMDEuYw1hem9udHJ1c3QuY29tL3IybTAXLmN1cjAMBGNVHRMBAf8EAJAAMIIB
fgYKKwYBBAHWeQIEAgSCAW4EggFqAwGAdwDuzdBk1dsazsVct520zR0iModGfLzs
3oKXXrXrkESkWgbQad1Eo3H545ZsIx+mu83r7Gmv5L3+WFKzfUmLgeB2+z1Dk0K5
CSFqTpBj10d0LQ4YuQIhA010VDrLJMM+9EtOwmZd8Q1MRHJ101r2VWmOTF6GGkCV
AHUAc9meiRtM1nigIH1HneayxhzQUV5xGSqMa4AQesF3crUAAAGHUp9i0wAABAMA
RjBEAiAFPLvt7TN7mTRnQZ+FZLGR/G04KQqSjYuszDNPArt3wIgf/sQbQqNjCk7
joFUuL9cEPYfNm7n1nZIFIRAK6UqwG0AdgBIs0Nr2qZHNA/1agL6nTDrHFIBy1bd
LoKXXrXrkESkWgbQad1Eo3H545ZsIx+mu83r7Gmv5L3+WFKzfUmLgeB2+z1Dk0K8
MXtts5t/C51Yw5peGAIGk0eFmxTptEfMkBTzi39vepUxb5meDvKaZdtXVvFpkCMw
DQYJKoZIhvcNAQELBQADggEBAN16HKZ9P6AIuf7qdNCcw+DXC1Y6dqX1KN0sCh+
UoKXXrXrkESkWgbQad1Eo3H545ZsIx+mu83r7Gmv5L3+WFKzfUmLgeB2+z1Dk0KM
z5R1VV+81gN2HHiuUsEOFWHDbbhijGBjijteFm0b1pruKHennx8HQYfC7bup4N5JH
YoKXXrXrkESkWgbQad1Eo3H545ZsIx+mu83r7Gmv5L3+WFKzfUmLgeB2+z1Dk0Kb
LKF16c+EN0Y76YaCV8doug3qD/b09VDx7dhvbSEECYuzbYyPDGnb7Drmhny0Eki
smLUZ3TVcCvPc+1dE/jrbBzPeIY7jGr8eL7masFCuZzN21M=
```

-----END CERTIFICATE-----

subject=CN = us-east-1.intersight.com

issuer=C = US, O = Amazon, CN = Amazon RSA 2048 M01

No client certificate CA names sent

Peer signing digest: SHA256

Peer signature type: RSA

Server Temp Key: ECDH, P-256, 256 bits

SSL handshake has read 5754 bytes and written 442 bytes

Verification: OK

New, TLSv1.2, Cipher is ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256

Server public key is 2048 bit

Secure Renegotiation IS supported

Compression: NONE

```

Expansion: NONE
No ALPN negotiated
SSL-Session:
  Protocol   : TLSv1.2
  Cipher     : ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256
  Session-ID: 66D0B69FAA7EB69FAA7EC54C9764966ED9A1289650B69FAA7EB69FAA7E9A5FD5ADE
  Session-ID-ctx:
  Master-Key: B69FAA7E45891555D83DFCAEB69FAA7EB69FAA7EA3A99E7689ACFB69FAA7EAD7FD93DB69FAA7EB1AF821
  PSK identity: None
  PSK identity hint: None
  SRP username: None
  TLS session ticket lifetime hint: 86400 (seconds)
  TLS session ticket:
0000 - 36 12 b2 36 b3 53 07 29-54 ac 56 f0 06 83 4f b1 6..6.S.)T.V...0.
0010 - 49 35 51 40 22 07 bd 7e-59 d7 7e 44 29 ff c6 2a I5Q@"..~Y.~D)..*
0020 - ec bc 11 e1 d3 5d 69 e8-7a d2 f1 c2 08 f6 5b 8f .....]i.z.....[.
0030 - 2c 5b 5e 50 e3 e2 8f e7-c4 44 8f e4 6d 45 d2 64 ,[^P.....D..mE.d
0040 - 93 98 f5 e8 b0 f7 1d 00-26 4b 88 ea 2d 7d 42 58 .....&K..-}BX
0050 - 05 9f 71 3a fe ac f0 15-a5 5c 1d 74 74 bf 32 1b ..q:.....\.tt.2.
0060 - d8 a8 23 84 08 cc f9 3e-54 ..#. ....>T

Start Time: 1707515659
Timeout    : 7200 (sec)
Verify return code: 0 (ok)
Extended master secret: yes
---
```

HTTPS Reachability Verification

In order to check the HTTPS connectivity, use the **curl** command with the **-v** verbose flag (displays whether a proxy is used or not).

Note: In order to check the impact of enabling or disabling a proxy, you can add the options `--proxy [protocol://]host[:port]` OR `--noproxy [protocol://]host[:port]`.

The construct `ip netns exec <VRF>` is used to execute `curl` in the desired VRF; for example, `ip netns exec management` for VRF management.

```
run bash ip netns exec management curl -v -I -L -k https://svc.intersight.com:443
```

```
run bash ip netns exec management curl -v -I -L -k https://svc.intersight.com:443 --proxy [protocol://]
```

```
<#root>
```

```
#
```

```
run bash ip netns exec management curl -v -I -L -X POST https://svc.intersight.com:443 --proxy http://p
```

```
Trying 10.201.255.40:80...
```


*

Connected to proxy.esl.cisco.com (10.201.255.40) port 80

```
* CONNECT tunnel: HTTP/1.1 negotiated
* allocate connect buffer
* Establish HTTP proxy tunnel to svc.intersight.com:443
> CONNECT svc.intersight.com:443 HTTP/1.1
> Host: svc.intersight.com:443
> User-Agent: curl/8.4.0
> Proxy-Connection: Keep-Alive
>
< HTTP/1.1 200 Connection established

HTTP/1.1 200 Connection established
< snip >
```

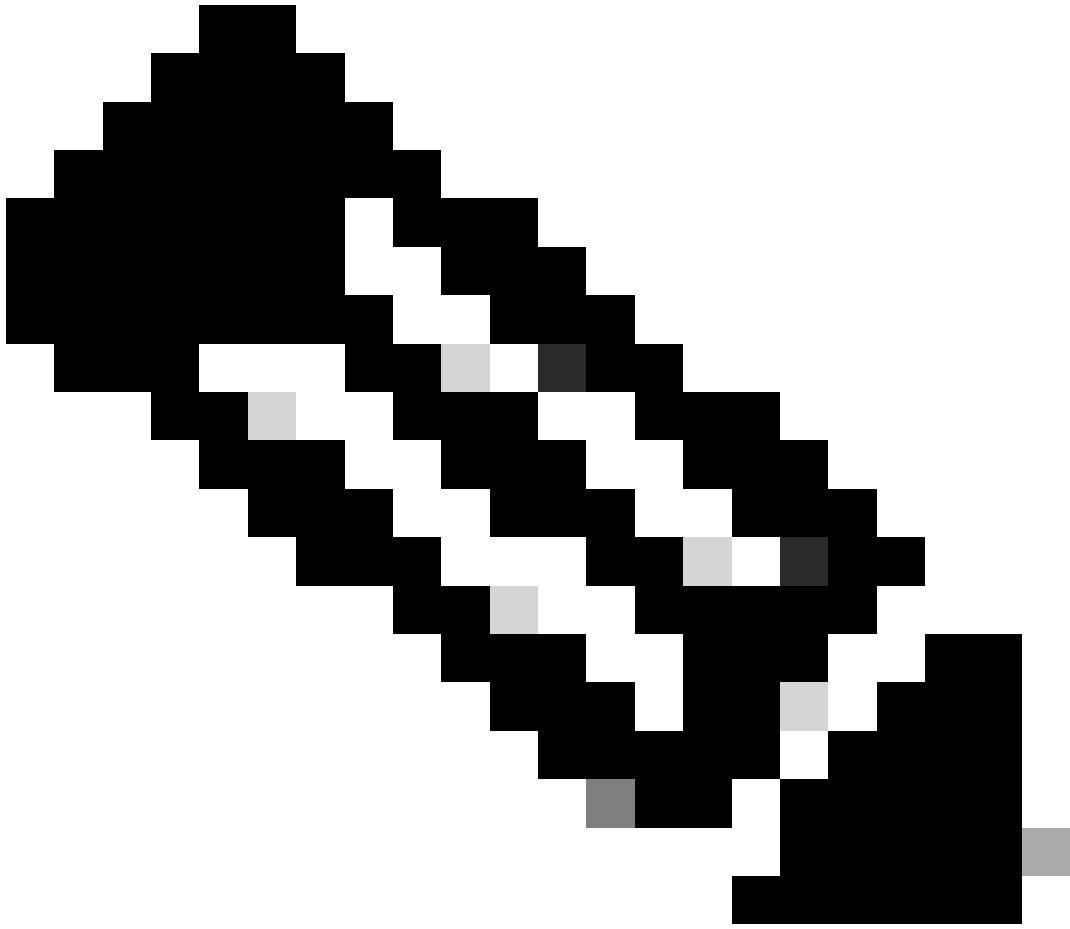
Configure

Claim the Device within intersight.com

In order to claim a new target in Intersight, accomplish the mentioned steps.

On the Nexus Device

Issue the Cisco NX-OS command `show system device-connector claim-info`.



Note: For releases prior to NX-OS 10.3(4a) use "show intersight claim-info" command



Note: Nexus generated claim-info maps to these Intersight claim fields:

Serial Number = Intersight **Claim ID**

Device-ID Security Token = Intersight **Claim Code**

```
# show system device-connector claim-info
SerialNumber: FD023021ZUJ
SecurityToken: 9FFD4FA94DCD
Duration: 599
Message:
Claim state: Not Claimed
```

The **Duration** reported here is in seconds.

On Intersight Portal

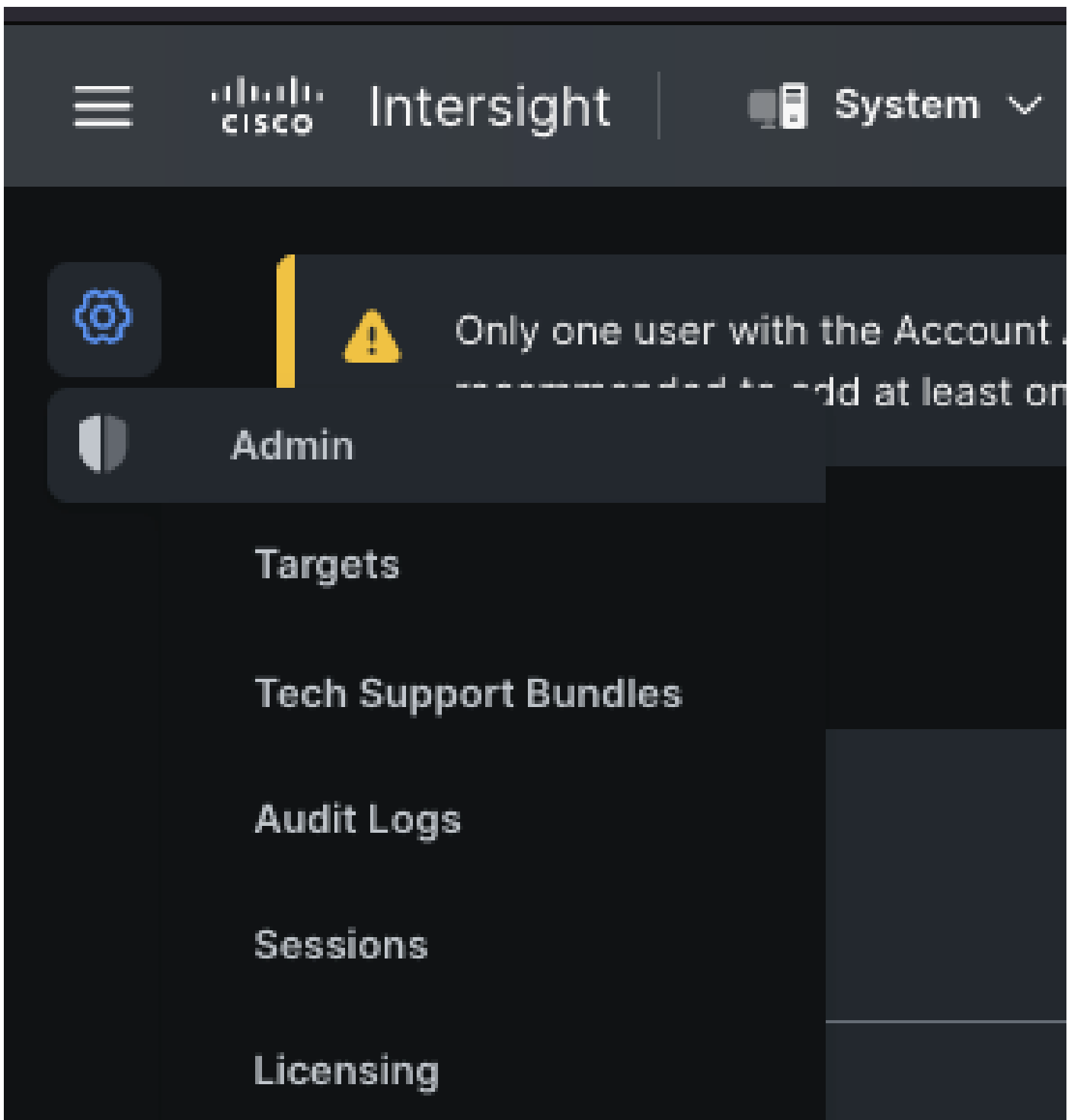
1. Within 10 minutes login to **Intersight** with the Account Administrator, Device Administrator, or Device

Technician privileges.

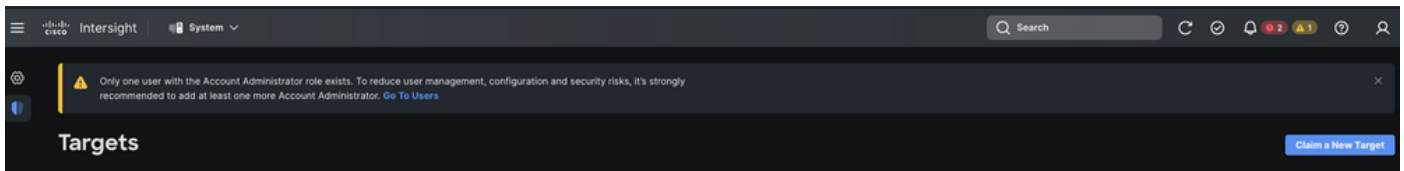
2. From the **Service Selector** drop-down list, choose **System**.



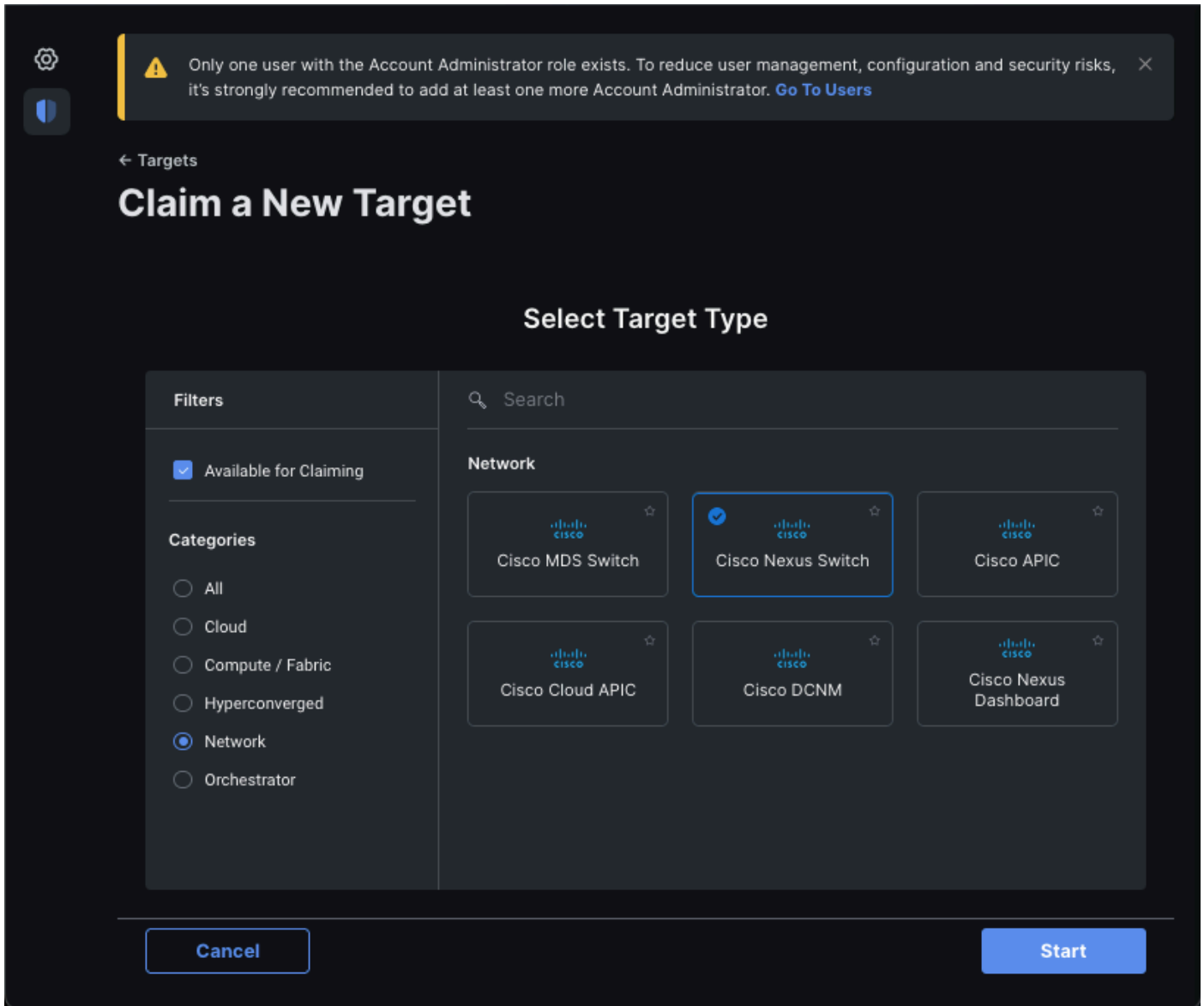
3. Navigate to ADMIN > Targets > Claim a New Target.



3.1. Click **Claim a New Target** as shown in the image.



4. Choose **Available for Claiming** and choose the **target type** (for example, Network) you want to claim. Click **Start**.



5. Enter the required details and click **Claim** in order to complete the claiming process.



Note: The **Security Token** on the switch is used as the Claim Code and the **Serial Number** of the switch is the Device ID.



Note: The Security Token expires. You must complete the claim before or the system prompts you to regenerate one.

! The security token has expired. Please obtain a new security token to claim the device **X**

[Details](#)

Claim One to Many Standalone Nexus Devices within intersight.com using Ansible®

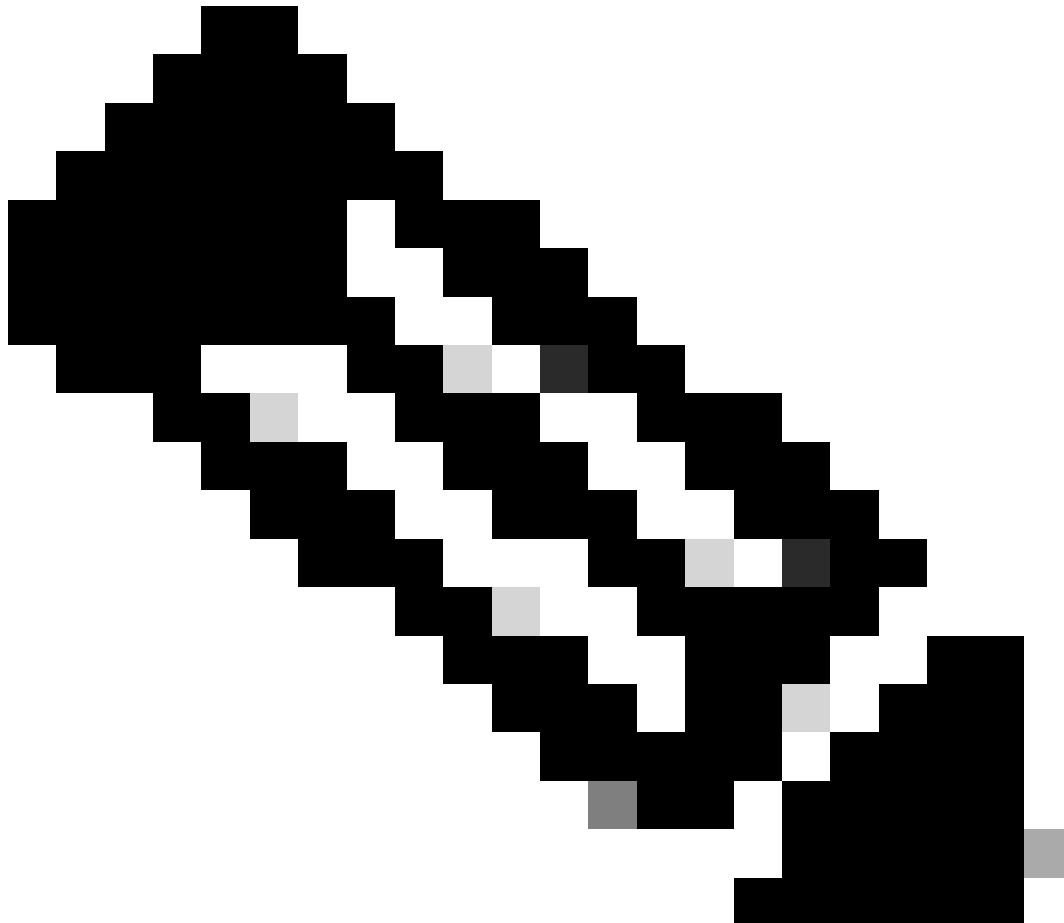
In order to claim one to many Nexus devices, an Ansible playbook can be run.

- The ansible inventory and playbook can be git cloned from <https://github.com/datacenter/ansible->

[intersight-nxos](#).

- In the Ansible `inventory.yaml`, the `ansible_connection` type is set to `ansible.netcommon.network_cli` in order to send commands to the Nexus switch. This can be changed to `ansible.netcommon.httpapi` in order to allow connectivity through NXAPI.
- Ansible connection to the Intersight endpoint requires an API key, which can be generated from your [intersight.com](#) account.

Configure Nexus NXAPI (Only used if Using `ansible.netcommon.httpapi`)



Note: In the case when a system-level proxy is configured (**HTTP(S)_PROXY**) and Ansible must not use a proxy in order to connect with the Nexus NXAPI endpoint, it is desirable to set `ansible_httppapi_use_proxy: False` (Default is True).

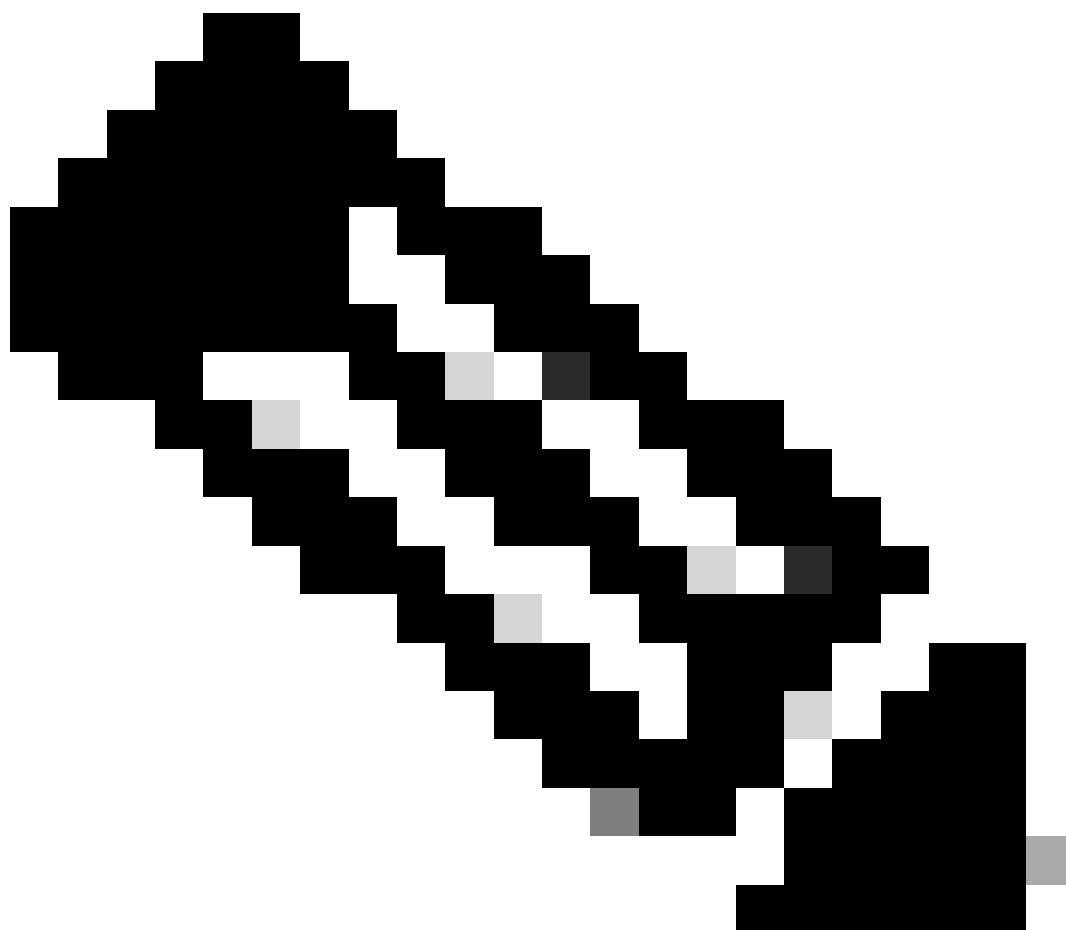
```
# configure terminal
# cfeature nxapi
# nxapi port 80
# no nxapi https port 443
# end

# show nxapi
```



```
nxapi enabled
NXAPI timeout 10
NXAPI cmd timeout 300
HTTP Listen on port 80
HTTPS Listen on port 443
Certificate Information:
  Issuer:  issuer=C = US, ST = CA, L = San Jose, O = Cisco Systems Inc., OU = dcnxos, CN = nxos
  Expires: Feb 10 22:30:38 2024 GMT
```

In order to independently verify the HTTP connectivity to the NXAPI endpoint, you can attempt to send a `show clock`. In the next example, the switch authenticates the client using basic authentication. It is also possible to configure the NXAPI server in order to authenticate clients based on X.509 user certificate.



Note: Basic Authentication hash is obtained from base64 encoding of **username:password**. In this example, **admin:cisco!123** base64 encoding is `YWRtaW46Y2lzMjY28hMTIz`.

```
curl -v --noproxy '*' \
  --location 'http://10.1.1.3:80/ins' \
```

```

--header 'Content-Type: application/json' \
--header 'Authorization: Basic YWRtaW46Y2lzMzY28hMTIz' \
--data '{
    "ins_api": {
        "version": "1.0",
        "type": "cli_show",
        "chunk": "0",
        "sid": "sid",
        "input": "show clock",
        "output_format": "json"
    }
}'

```

Curl Response:

```

* Trying 10.1.1.3...
* TCP_NODELAY set
* Connected to 10.1.1.3 (10.1.1.3) port 80 (#0)
> POST /ins HTTP/1.1
> Host: 10.1.1.3
> User-Agent: curl/7.61.1
> Accept: */*
> Content-Type: application/json
> Authorization: Basic YWRtaW56Y2lzMzY28hBNIZ
> Content-Length: 297
>
* upload completely sent off: 297 out of 297 bytes
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Server: nginx/1.19.6
< Date: Fri, 09 Feb 2024 23:17:10 GMT
< Content-Type: text/json; charset=UTF-8
< Transfer-Encoding: chunked
< Connection: keep-alive
< Set-Cookie: nxapi_auth=dzqnf:xRYwR011Tra64Vf0MVuD4oI4=; Secure; HttpOnly;
< anticrsrf: /i3vzCvxh0r4w2IrKP+umbDnzHQ=
< Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains
< X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
< X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
< Content-Security-Policy: block-all-mixed-content; base-uri 'self'; default-src 'self'; script-src 'se
<
{
  "ins_api": {
    "type": "cli_show",
    "version": "1.0",
    "sid": "eoc",
    "outputs": {
      "output": {
        "input": "show clock",
        "msg": "Success",
        "code": "200",
        "body": {
          "simple_time": "23:17:10.814 UTC Fri Feb 09 2024\n",
          "time_source": "NTP"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

```

* Connection #0 to host 10.1.1.3 left intact
}%

Generate Intersight API Keys

Refer to the [README.md](#) section on how to obtain the API Key from the Intersight System > Settings > API keys > Generate API Key.

The screenshot shows the Cisco Intersight web interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with the Cisco logo, 'Intersight', and 'System' dropdown. A search bar and several notification icons are also present. Below the navigation bar, a warning message states: 'Only one user with the Account Administrator role exists. To reduce user management, configuration and security risks, it's strongly recommended to add at least one more Account Administrator. [Go To Users](#)'. The main content area is titled 'Settings' and features a sidebar on the left with various configuration options. The 'API Keys' section is selected, displaying a 'Generate API Key' button and a table with the following columns: Description, API Key ID, Purpose, Cre..., Email, Role, and Identity Provider. The table is currently empty, with the text 'NO ITEMS AVAILABLE' centered below the header. The bottom of the table shows pagination controls: '0 of 0'.

Generate API Key





Description

Nexus Intersight key



API Key Purpose

- API key for OpenAPI schema version 2 
- API key for OpenAPI schema version 3 (This is a feature in preview and for SDK developer use only) 

Close

Generate

Example: Ansible `inventory.yaml`



Note: In the next example, ansible was configured in order to ignore the operating system proxy settings with `ansible_httppapi_use_proxy: False`. If you need your Ansible server to use a proxy in order to reach the switch, you can remove that configuration or set it to `True` (default).

Note: The API key ID is a string. The API private key includes the full path to a file that contains the private key. For the production environment, it is recommended to use the Ansible vault.

```
---
all:
  hosts:
    switch1:
      ansible_host: "10.1.1.3"
      intersight_src: "mgmt0"
      intersight_vrf: "management"

  vars:
    ansible_user: "admin"
    ansible_password: "cisco!123"
    ansible_connection: ansible.netcommon.network_cli
    ansible_network_os: cisco.nxos.nxos
    ansible_httpapi_use_proxy: False
    remote_tmp: "/bootflash"
    proxy_env:
      - no_proxy: "10.1.1.3/24"
    intersight_proxy_host: 'proxy.cisco.com'
```

```
intersight_proxy_port: '80'
```

```
api_key_id: "5fcb99d97564612d33fdfca1/5fcb99d97564612d33fdf1b2/65c6c09d756461330198ce7e"  
api_private_key: "/home/admin/ansible-intersight-nxos/my_intersight_private_key.txt"
```

```
...
```

Example: `playbook.yaml` Execution

For further information on programming standalone Nexus devices with Ansible see the [Applications/Using Ansible with the Cisco NX-OS](#) section of the [Cisco Nexus 9000 Series NX-OS Programmability Guide](#) for your current release.

```
> ansible-playbook -i inventory.yaml playbook.yaml
```

```
PLAY [all] *****
```

```
TASK [Enable feature intersight] *****  
[WARNING]: To ensure idempotency and correct diff the input configuration lines should be similar to host device  
changed: [switch1]
```

```
TASK [Configure proxy] *****  
ok: [switch1]
```

```
TASK [Unconfigure proxy] *****  
skipping: [switch1]
```

```
TASK [Configure src interface] *****  
ok: [switch1]
```

```
TASK [Unconfigure src interface] *****  
skipping: [switch1]
```

```
TASK [Configure src vrf] *****  
ok: [switch1]
```

```
TASK [Unconfigure src vrf] *****  
skipping: [switch1]
```

```
TASK [Await connection to Intersight] *****  
FAILED - RETRYING: [switch1]: Await connection to Intersight (10 retries left).  
FAILED - RETRYING: [switch1]: Await connection to Intersight (9 retries left).  
FAILED - RETRYING: [switch1]: Await connection to Intersight (8 retries left).  
FAILED - RETRYING: [switch1]: Await connection to Intersight (7 retries left).  
FAILED - RETRYING: [switch1]: Await connection to Intersight (6 retries left).  
FAILED - RETRYING: [switch1]: Await connection to Intersight (5 retries left).  
FAILED - RETRYING: [switch1]: Await connection to Intersight (4 retries left).  
ok: [switch1]
```

```
TASK [Get show system device-connector claim-info] *****  
ok: [switch1]
```

```
TASK [Set claiminfoDict] *****  
ok: [switch1] => (item=SerialNumber: FDO21112E2L)  
ok: [switch1] => (item= SecurityToken: 0A70886FE1B8)
```

```
ok: [switch1] => (item= Duration: 599)
ok: [switch1] => (item= Message: )
ok: [switch1] => (item= Claim state: Not Claimed)
```

```
TASK [claim device - PROXY] *****
skipping: [switch1]
```

```
TASK [claim device - NO PROXY] *****
changed: [switch1]
```

```
PLAY RECAP *****
switch1          : ok=8    changed=2    unreachable=0    failed=0    skipped=4    rescued=0
```

Verify

In order to verify the claim of a new target, accomplish this:

On the Nexus Switch

Releases Prior to 10.3(4a)M

```
# run bash sudo cat /mnt/pss/connector.db
```

```
Nexus# run bash sudo cat /mnt/pss/connector.db
{
  "AccountOwnershipState": "Claimed",
  "AccountOwnershipUser": "bpaez@cisco.com",
  "AccountOwnershipTime": "2024-04-25T22:37:25.173Z",
  "AccountOwnershipId": "TAC-DCRS",
  "DomainGroupMoid": "6620503275646133014ec978",
  "AccountMoid": "6620503275646133014ec977",
  "CloudDns": "svc.ucs-connect.com",
  "CloudDnsList": [
    "svc.intersight.com",
    "svc-static1.intersight.com",
    "svc.ucs-connect.com",
    "svc-static1.ucs-connect.com"
  ],
  "CloudCert": "",
  "UserCloudCerts": {},
  "Identity": "662adb256f72613901e8bc19",
  "AccessKeyId": "98facfdbf3855bcfd340f2bbb0c388f8",
  "AccessKey": "",
  "PrivateAccessKey": "-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
-CUT-
5Do\nd18Ta5YvuIYFLZrY7HLYCD0hS5035AUEGntEceiPhQjOCvRumyJD\n-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----\n",
  "CloudEnabled": true,
  "ReadOnlyMode": false,
  "LocalConfigLockout": false,
  "TunneledKVM": false,
  "HttpProxy": {
    "ProxyHost": "proxy.cisco.com",
    "ProxyPort": 8080,
    "Preference": 0,
    "ProxyType": "Manual",
    "Targets": [
```



```
{
  "ProxyHost": "proxy.cisco.com",
  "ProxyPort": 8080,
  "Preference": 0
}
],
"LogLevel": "info",
"DbVersion": 1,
"AutoUpgradeAdminState": "Automatic"
```

Releases Beginning with 10.3(4a)M

```
# show system device-connector claim-info
```

```
N9k-Leaf-2# show system device-connector claim-info
SerialNumber: FDO23021ZUJ
SecurityToken:
Duration: 0
Message: Cannot fetch claim code for already claimed device
Claim state: Claimed
Claim time: 2024-02-09T15:38:57.561Z
Claimed by: brvarney@cisco.com
Account: ACI-DCRS-TAC
Site name:
Site ID:
```

```
# show system internal intersight info
```

```
# show system internal intersight info
Intersight connector.db Info:
ConnectionState      :Connected
ConnectionStateQual  :
AccountOwnershipState :Claimed
AccountOwnershipUser  :brvarney@cisco.com
AccountOwnershipTime  :2024-02-09T15:38:57.561Z
AccountOwnershipId    :ACI-DCRS-TAC
DomainGroupMoid       :5eb2e1e47565612d3079fe9a
AccountMoid           :5eb2e1e47565612d3079fe92
CloudDns              :svc.ucs-connect.com
CloudDnsList:
  1.                  :svc.ucs-connect.com
  2.                  :svc.intersight.com
  3.                  :svc-static1.intersight.com
  4.                  :svc-static1.ucs-connect.com
Identity              :65c647116f72513501e75530
CloudEnabled          :true
ReadOnlyMode          :false
LocalConfigLockout    :false
TunneledKVM           :false
HttpProxy:
  ProxyHost           :proxy.cisco.com
  ProxyPort            :8080
  Preferenc            :0
```

```

ProxyType      :Manual
Target[1]:
ProxyHost      :proxy.cisco.com
ProxyPort      :8080
Preference     :0
LogLevel       :info
DbVersion      :1
AutoUpgradeAdminState :Automatic

```

Ansible

It is possible to add a task at the end of the `playbook.yaml` in order to obtain the switch intersight information.

```

- name: Get intersight info
  nxos_command:
    commands:
      - show system internal intersight info
  register: intersightInfo_claimed
  retries: 10
  delay: 10
  until: intersightInfo.stdout is search("Connecte")

- name: Display intersight info
  vars:
    msg: |-
      output from {{ inventory_hostname }}:
      {{ intersightInfo_claimed.stdout | join("") }}
  debug:
    msg: "{{ msg.split('\n') }}"

```

Here is the corresponding output:

```

TASK [Get intersight info] *****
ok: [switch1]

```

```

TASK [Display intersight info] *****
ok: [switch1] => {
  "msg": [
    "output from switch1:",
    "Intersight connector.db Info:",
    "ConnectionState      :Connected",
    "ConnectionStateQual   :",
    "AccountOwnershipState :Claimed",
    "AccountOwnershipUser   :vricci@cisco.com",
    "AccountOwnershipTime   :2024-02-10T01:00:28.516Z",
    "AccountOwnershipId     :vricci",
    "DomainGroupMoid        :5fcb98d97565612d33fdf1ae",
    "AccountMoid            :5fcb98d97565612d33fdf1ac",
    "CloudDns               :svc.intersight.com",
    "CloudDnsList:         ",
    "   1.                  :svc.intersight.com",
    "   2.                  :svc-static1.intersight.com",
    "   3.                  :svc.ucs-connect.com",
    "   4.                  :svc-static1.ucs-connect.com",

```

```

"Identity                :65c6caac6f72613901f841c1",
"CloudEnabled           :true",
"ReadOnlyMode           :false",
"LocalConfigLockout    :false",
"TunneledKVM           :false",
"HttpProxy:            ",
"    ProxyHost          :proxy.cisco.com",
"    ProxyPort          :80",
"    Preferenc         :0",
"    ProxyType          :Manual",
"    Target[1]:         ",
"    ProxyHost          :proxy.cisco.com",
"    ProxyPort          :80",
"    Preference        :0",
"LogLevel               :info",
"DbVersion              :1",
"AutoUpgradeAdminState :Automatic"
]
}

```

Disable Device Connector

	Command or Action	Purpose
Step 1	no feature intersight Example: switch(config)# no feature intersight	Disables the intersight process and removes all NXDC configuration and logs store.