

Install UCS Driver for Common OS

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Introduction

This document describes how to install device drivers on the Cisco Unified Computing System (UCS) for common operating systems.

Prerequisites

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Cisco UCS Manager
- Cisco Integrated Management Controller (CIMC)
- Virtual Machine-ware (VMware), Windows Server, or Linux Operating Systems (OS)

Components Used

The information in this document is based on these hardware platforms:

- UCS B Series
- UCS C Series

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Background Information

Driver Definition

A device driver is software that is the interface between the OS and the hardware. The device driver translates general OS commands into specialized commands for a particular device, which allows the OS to communicate with hardware devices.

Devices that Require a Driver

Here is a list of hardware devices that require device drivers:

- Ethernet Network Interface Card (ENIC)
- Fibre Channel Network Interface Card (FNIC)
- Redundant Array of Independent Disks (RAID) Controller
- Motherboard Chipset
- Video Card
- Trusted Platform Module (TPM)

Drivers Versus Firmware

Device drivers are different from firmware. Device driver software is installed on the OS, whereas firmware is lower-level code that is installed on hardware devices. Firmware is stored in non-volatile memory, such as ROM, Erasable Programmable ROM (EPROM), or flash memory.

Driver Dependence on Firmware

Device drivers have a strong dependence on the device firmware. Device drivers must be compatible with the firmware level of a hardware device, so that they properly communicate with each other; driver and firmware functionality must match for correct operation to take place.

When Drivers Must be Installed and Updated

Device drivers come pre-installed with operating systems (such as Cisco OEM VMware ESXi images), or they can be manually installed post-OS setup.

Device drivers generally need to be updated after these procedures:

- UCS firmware upgrades
- Major OS upgrades/patches

Driver Versions Required

The [UCS Hardware and Software Interoperability Matrix](#) outlines the driver versions that are required for a particular OS, device, and firmware combination.

Warning: The driver versions listed on the matrix have been tested and verified by the Cisco Engineering Quality Assurance team, and it is crucial to install the correct driver; otherwise, unexpected behavior which could lead to network outages.


This example shows that an FNIC driver version of 1.6.0.36 is required for a B200 M4 with a Virtual Interface Card (VIC) 1240 that runs ESXi 6.0 U3, on UCS Release 3.2.2.


The screenshot displays the Cisco Interoperability Matrix tool interface. At the top, there is a 'Search By' section with radio buttons for 'Servers', 'Operating Systems', and 'Products'. The 'Servers' option is selected. Below this, 'Search Options' are listed with dropdown menus: Server Type (B-Series), Server Model (Cisco UCS B200 M4), Processor Version (Intel Xeon ES-2600 v4 Series processors), Operating System (VMware), and Operating System Version (ESXi 6.0 U3). Red arrows point to each of these dropdowns. Below the search options is an 'Advisories' section with a table header for Date Updated, Type, and Title. The 'Search Results' section shows a tree view of components. A red arrow points to the '3.2(2)' version of the UCS Server Firmware. Another red arrow points to the 'UCS 1240 Virtual Interface Card' component. To the right, the 'Details' section shows a table of driver bundles. A green arrow points to the '1.6.0.36 Fibre Channel' driver bundle, which is highlighted with a green border. The table lists Firmware Version (4.2(2)), Driver Version (1.6.0.36 Fibre Channel), Adapter BIOS (none), and Notes (10, 11, 12, 20, 21, 31).

Download the Driver Bundle

Complete these steps in order to download the driver bundle:

1. In a web browser, navigate to [Cisco Website](#)
2. Under **Support**, click **Download Software**.
3. Click **Unified Computing and Servers**.
4. Choose your server. Cisco UCS drivers are available for both Cisco UCS B-Series Blade servers and Cisco UCS C-Series Rack-Mount.
5. Click **Unified Computing System (UCS) Drivers**.
6. Select the bundle you want to download, and click **Download Now**.

 **Tip:** When you choose which driver bundle to download, it is important to select the driver bundle version that is most similar to the server firmware release. For example, if you run a UCS-B Release 3.2(2b), then VMware driver bundle ucs-bxxx-drivers-vmware.3.2.2.iso is required.

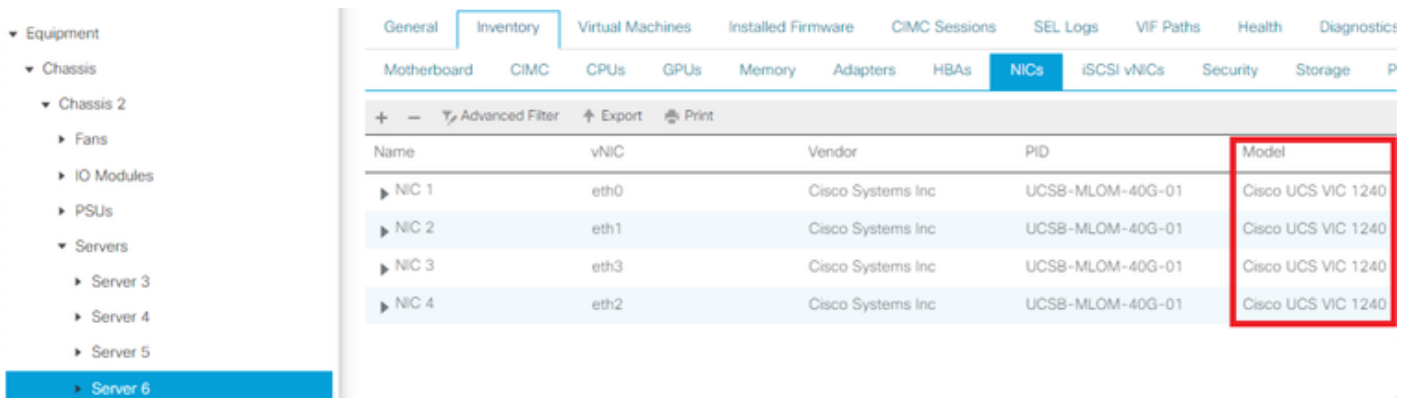
 **Tip:** Most VMware ESXi drivers are downloaded directly from [VM Ware](#), with a search for the driver version. This is often quicker than if you were to download the entire driver bundle.

Identify Server Hardware

Before you select the correct driver, you must identify what hardware devices are installed on the server. This section describes how to find the devices located on the UCS Manager and in the CIMC.

UCS B Series

This example shows how to find the server inventory in UCS Manager. Server 1/1 has two adapter models installed: the VIC 1240.



Equipment				
Chassis 2				
Servers				
Server 6				
Inventory				
NICs				
Name	vNIC	Vendor	PID	Model
NIC 1	eth0	Cisco Systems Inc	UCSB-MLOM-40G-01	Cisco UCS VIC 1240
NIC 2	eth1	Cisco Systems Inc	UCSB-MLOM-40G-01	Cisco UCS VIC 1240
NIC 3	eth3	Cisco Systems Inc	UCSB-MLOM-40G-01	Cisco UCS VIC 1240
NIC 4	eth2	Cisco Systems Inc	UCSB-MLOM-40G-01	Cisco UCS VIC 1240

UCS C Series

This example shows how to find the server hardware devices in the CIMC. The server has a Cisco12G ModularSAS HBA RAID controller installed.

Slot ID	Product Name	Option ROM Status	Firmware Version	Vendor ID	Sub Vendor ID	Device ID	Sub Device ID
L	Intel X550 LOM	Loaded	0x80000ECB-1.819.0	0x8086	0x1137	0x1563	0x01a4
MLOM	Cisco UCS VIC 1457 MLOM	Not Loaded	5.1(2f)	0x1137	0x1137	0x0042	0x0218
MRAID	Cisco 12G Modular SAS HBA (max 16 drives)	Loaded	N/A	0x1000	0x1137	0x00ab	0x020f

Identify the UCS Firmware Release

Before the correct driver version is selected, the UCS release must be identified. This section describes how to identify the current UCS release installed on the servers.

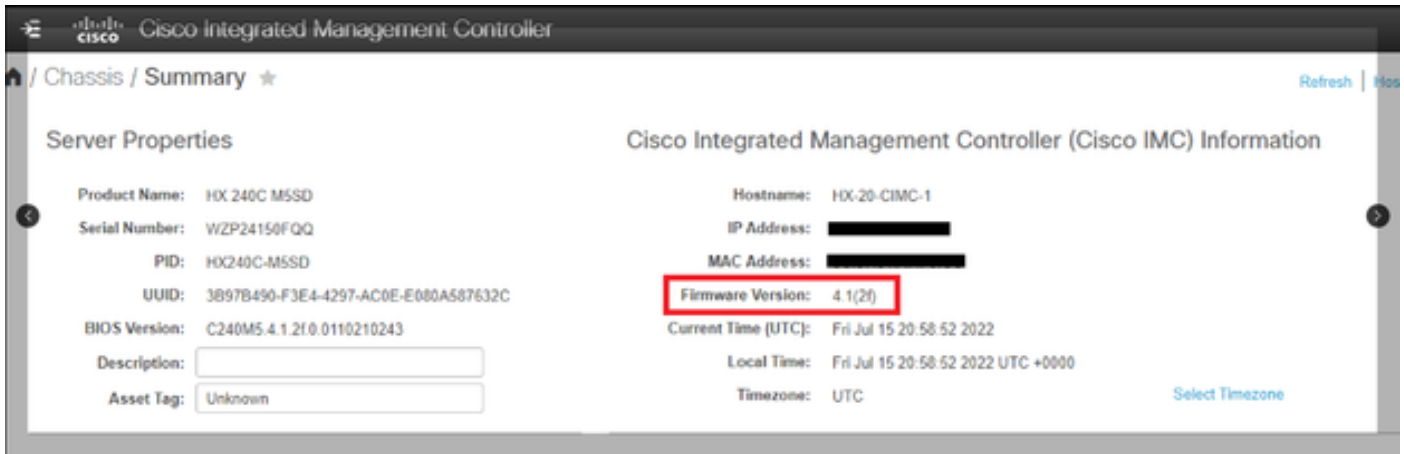
UCS B Series

In this example, the UCS B Series runs UCS Release 4.1(3h)

Name	Model	Package Version	Running Version
▼ UCS Manager			
UCS Manager Service P...			4.1(3)SPO(Default)
UCS Manager System		4.1(3h)A	4.1(3h)
▼ Chassis			
▼ Chassis 2 Cisco UCS 5108 AC2 Chassis			
▶ IO Modules			
▶ PSUs			
▼ Servers			
▼ Server 3 Cisco UCS B200 M5 2 Socket...			
▼ Adapters			
Adapter 1	Cisco UCS VIC 1340	4.0(4e)B	4.3(3b)
BIOS	Cisco UCS B200 M5 2 Socket...	4.1(1a)B	B200M5.4.1.1b.0.012
Board Cont...	Cisco UCS B200 M5 2 Socket...	4.1(1a)B	14.0
Persistent ...			
CMC Cont...	Cisco UCS B200 M5 2 Socket...	4.0(4e)B	4.1(30c)

UCS C Series

In this example, the UCS C Series runs UCS Release 4.1(2f).



OS Specifics

This section describes how to check driver versions and how to install drivers on common OSs.

VMware ESXi

Use these commands in order to check the current driver versions and VMware build:

 **Tip:** These commands are executed from the ESXi CLI. Secure Shell (SSH) must be enabled before an SSH session is initiated.

Command	Description
vmware -vl	Displays the VMware build and patch level.
esxcli software profile get	Displays flavor of install ISO.
esxcfg-scsidevs -a	Lists the hosts HBAs and the associated driver name.
esxcfg-nics -l	Lists the host vmnics and network interface card (NIC) models.
ethtool -i vmnicX	Displays the Ethernet driver used by the specified vmnic.
esxcli network nic get -n vmnicX	Displays the Ethernet driver used by the specified vmnic on ESXi 6.5.
vmkload_mod -s fnic	Displays the host bus adapter (HBA) driver version for the Cisco VIC.
vmkload_mod -s enic	Displays the Ethernet driver version for the Cisco VIC.
vmkload_mod -s nenic	Displays the Ethernet driver version for the Cisco VIC for ESXi 6.5 and later releases.
vmkload_mod -s megaraid_sas	Displays the LSI MegaRAID driver version.
vmkload_mod -s lsi_mr3	Displays the LSI lsi_mr3 driver version (Native driver on ESXi 6.7).
vmkload_mod -s driver_name	Displays the driver version for a specified driver.

These examples show that vmnic2 uses a Cisco VIC and a driver version of 1.4.2.15a.

```

~ #
~ # esxcfg-nics -l
Name      PCI           Driver      Link Speed  Duplex  MAC Address  MTU      Description
vmnic2    0000:0b:00.00 enic        Up 1000Mbps Full 00:22:bd:d6:65:e7 1500     Cisco Systems Inc Cisco VIC Ethernet NIC
vmnic4    0000:0c:00.00 enic        Up 1000Mbps Full 00:22:bd:d6:65:e8 1500     Cisco Systems Inc Cisco VIC Ethernet NIC
vmnic5    0000:16:00.00 igb         Up 1000Mbps Full c4:71:fe:b0:ef:68 1500     Intel Corporation 82576 Gigabit Network Connection
vmnic6    0000:16:00.01 igb         Up 1000Mbps Full c4:71:fe:b0:ef:69 1500     Intel Corporation 82576 Gigabit Network Connection
~ #

```

```

~ # ethtool -i vmnic2
driver: enic

```

```

version: 1.4.2.15a

```

```

firmware-version: 2.0(2i)

```

```

bus-info: 0000:0b:00.0

```

These examples show that the Qlogic Host Bus Adapter (HBA) uses driver qla2xxx Version 901.k1.1-14vmw.

```

~ # esxcfg-scsidevs -a
vmhba2  nptsas          link-n/a  sas.5002651086b44000          (0:1:0.0) LSI Logic / Symbios Logic LSI1064E
vmhba3  qla2xxx          link-up   fc.20000025b5a00505:20000025b500051f (0:4:0.0) QLogic Corp ISP2432-based 4Gb Fibre Channel to PCI Express HBA
vmhba4  qla2xxx          link-up   fc.20000025b5a00505:20000025b500050f (0:4:0.1) QLogic Corp ISP2432-based 4Gb Fibre Channel to PCI Express HBA

```

```

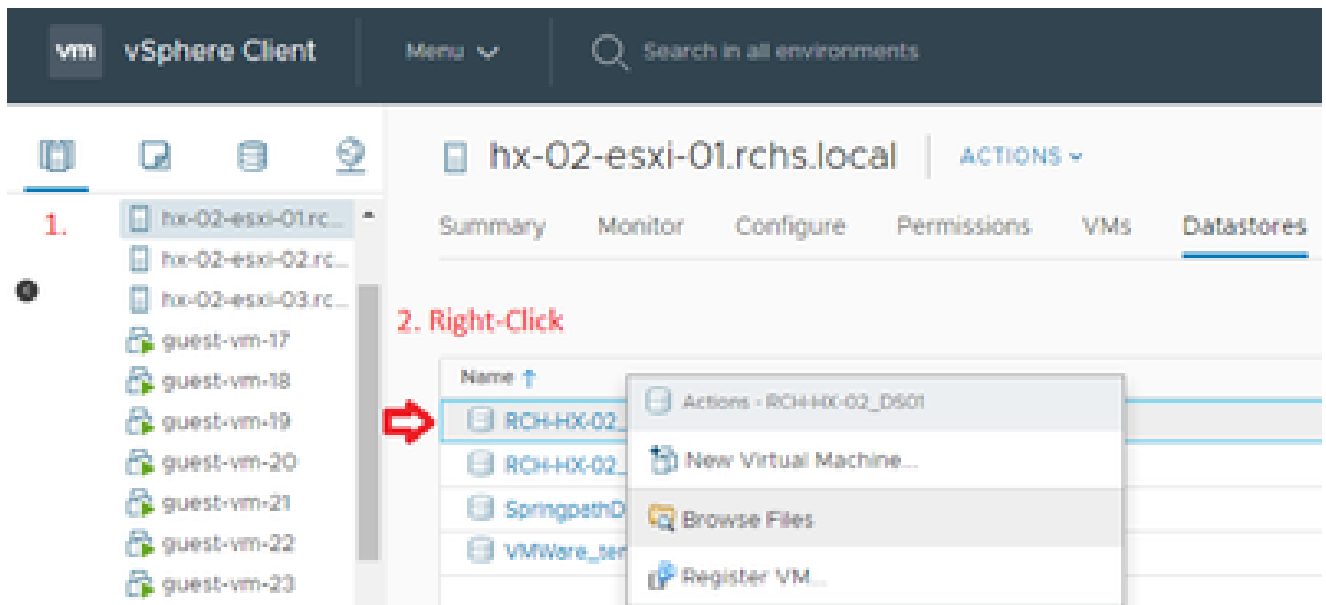
~ # vmkload_mod -s qla2xxx
vmkload_mod module information
input file: /usr/lib/vmware/vmkmod/qla2xxx
Version: Version 901.k1.1-14vmw, Build: 469512, Interface: 9.2 Built on: Aug 18 2011
License: GPL
Required name-spaces:
com.vmware.driverAPI#9.2.0.0
com.vmware.vmkapi#v2_0_0_0

```

Install the Driver

Complete these steps in order to install the driver:

1. Extract the contents of the driver zip file, and identify the ***.vib** file.
2. Use the Datastore Browser in order to upload the ***.vib** file to an ESXi host datastore.




3. Enter the host into **Maintenance** mode.
4. Install the **driver**.

ESXi 5.x/6.x

Use this command in order to install the driver on ESXi Release 5.x/6.x:

```
esxcli software vib install -v /path/async-driver.vib
```

```
# esxcli software vib install -v /tmp/scsi-fnic-1.5.0.20-10EM.500.0.0.472560.x86_64.vib
Installation Result
  Message: The update completed successfully, but the system needs to be rebooted for the changes to be effective.
  Reboot Required: true
  VIBs Installed: Cisco_bootbank_scsi-fnic_1.5.0.20-10EM.500.0.0.472560
  VIBs Removed: Cisco_bootbank_scsi-fnic_1.5.0.8-10EM.500.0.0.472560
  VIBs Skipped:
#
```

 **Note:** If the drivers require a signature verification, run this command with the **--no-sig-check** switch. Ensure that you use the full path to the file.

ESXi 4.x

Use this command in order to install the driver on ESXi Release 4.x:

```
esxupdate --bundle=offline-bundle.zip update
```

Finish the Installation

After you install the driver with one of the previously mentioned commands, exit **Maintenance** mode and reboot the host. For more information on how to install drivers, reference the **Related Information** section at the end of this document.

Useful VMware CLI Commands

Here are some other useful VMware commands that you can use when you install a driver:

Check Maintenance Mode Status

```
vim-cmd hostsvc/hostsummary | grep -i maintenace
```

Check for Powered-On VMs

```
vim-cmd vmsvc/getallvms
```

Power-Off VMs

```
vim-cmd vmsvc/power.off <vm id>
```

Enter Maintenance Mode

```
vim-cmd hostsvc/maintenace_mode_enter
```

Exit Maintenance Mode

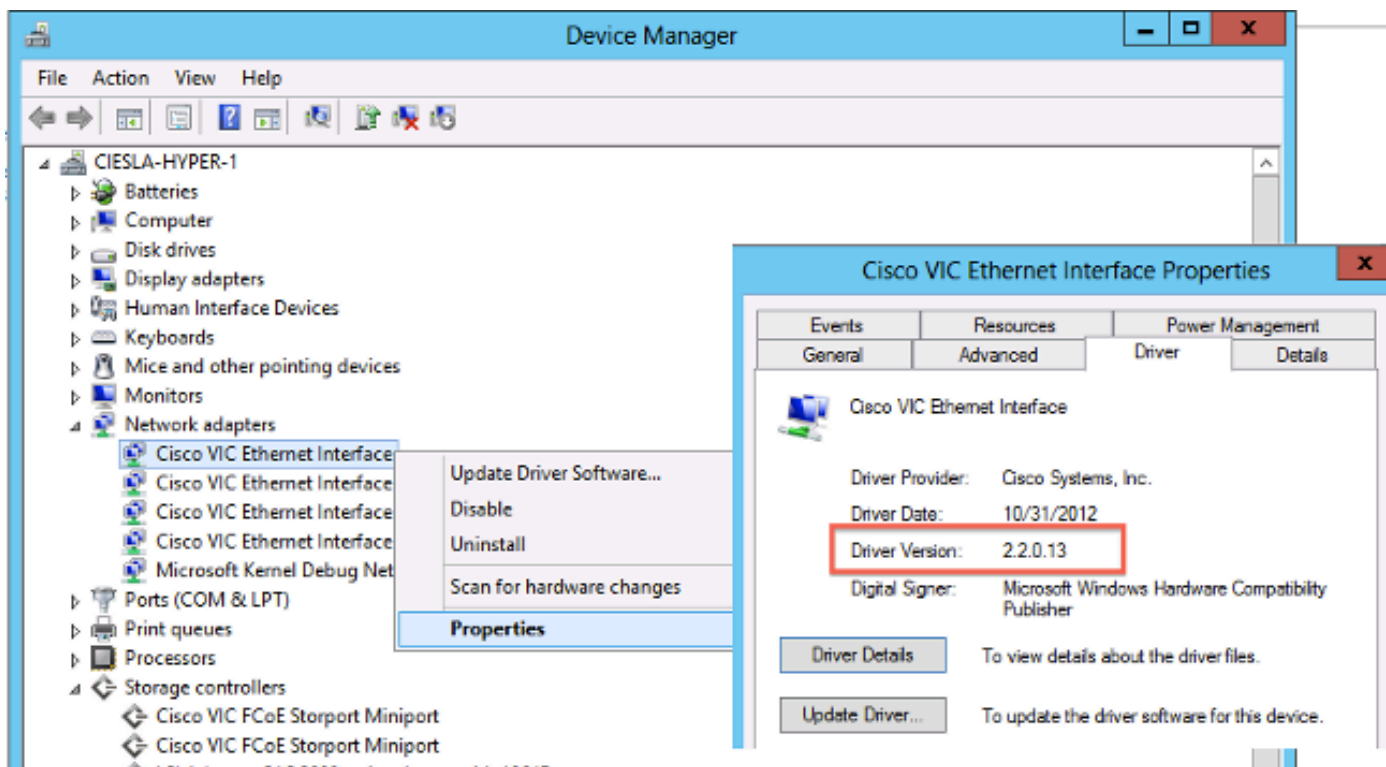
```
vim-cmd hostsvc/maintenace_mode_exit
```

Microsoft Windows Server

This section describes how to install a driver on a Microsoft Windows server.

Check Current Driver Version

In order to check the device drivers in Microsoft Windows, use the **Device Manager** located in the Control Panel.



Check Current Driver Version CLI

For Windows, Server Core the Plug-and-Play (PnP) Utility (PNPUtil.exe) is used to check driver versions.

```

Administrator: Windows PowerShell
PS F:\windows\storage\Cisco\mlom\w2k12r2\x64> PnPUtil.exe -e
Microsoft PnP Utility

Published name : oem2.inf
Driver package provider : Cisco Systems, Inc.
Class : Storage controllers
Driver date and version : 10/30/2013 2.4.0.8
Signer name : Microsoft Windows Hardware Compatibility Publisher

Published name : oem1.inf
Driver package provider : Cisco Systems, Inc.
Class : Network adapters
Driver date and version : 11/20/2013 2.4.0.15
Signer name : Microsoft Windows Hardware Compatibility Publisher
  
```

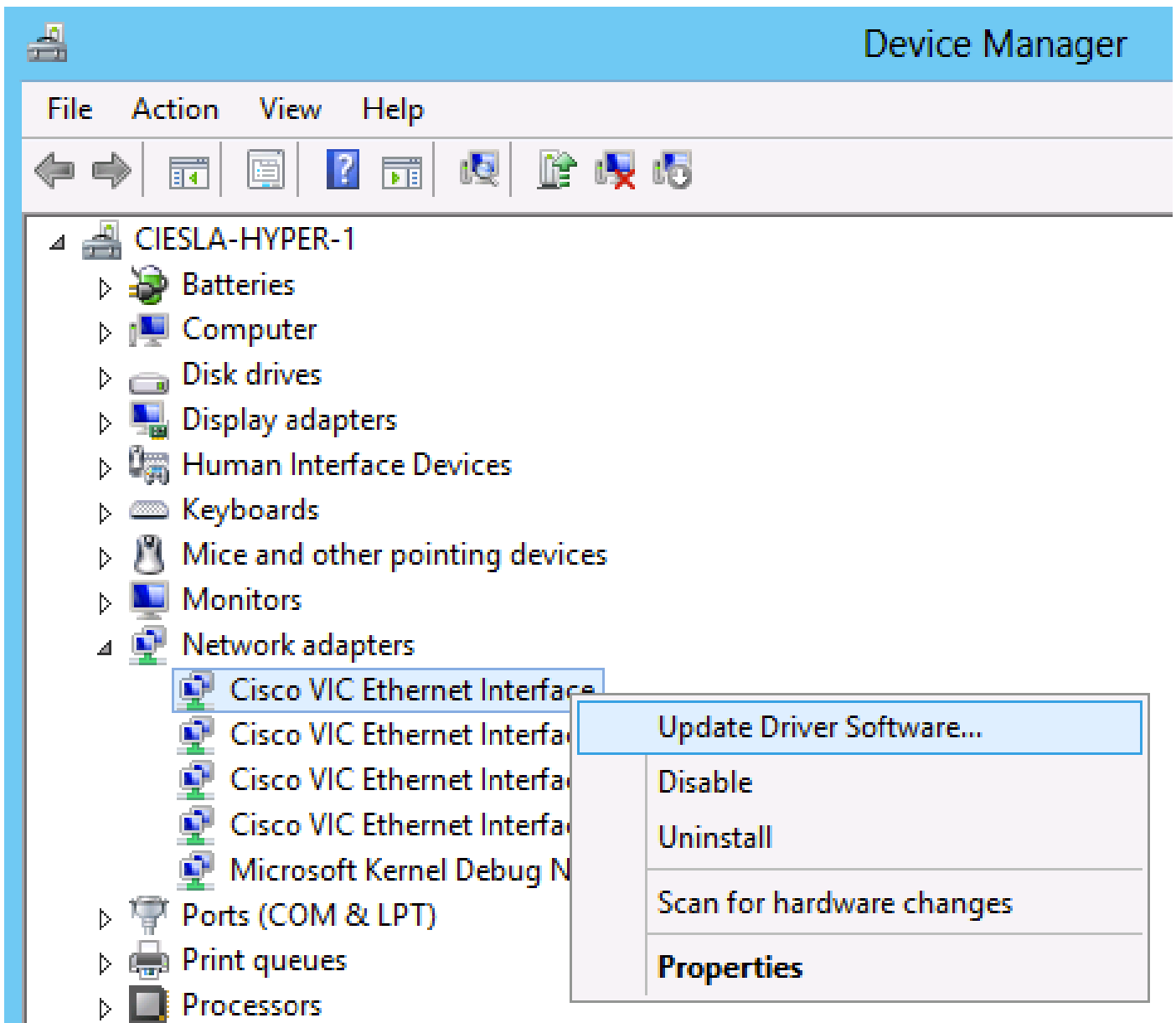
Missing Drivers

Hardware devices with missing drivers are displayed in the Device Manager with a yellow question mark. These devices must be updated with the correct driver in order to prevent unexpected behavior.



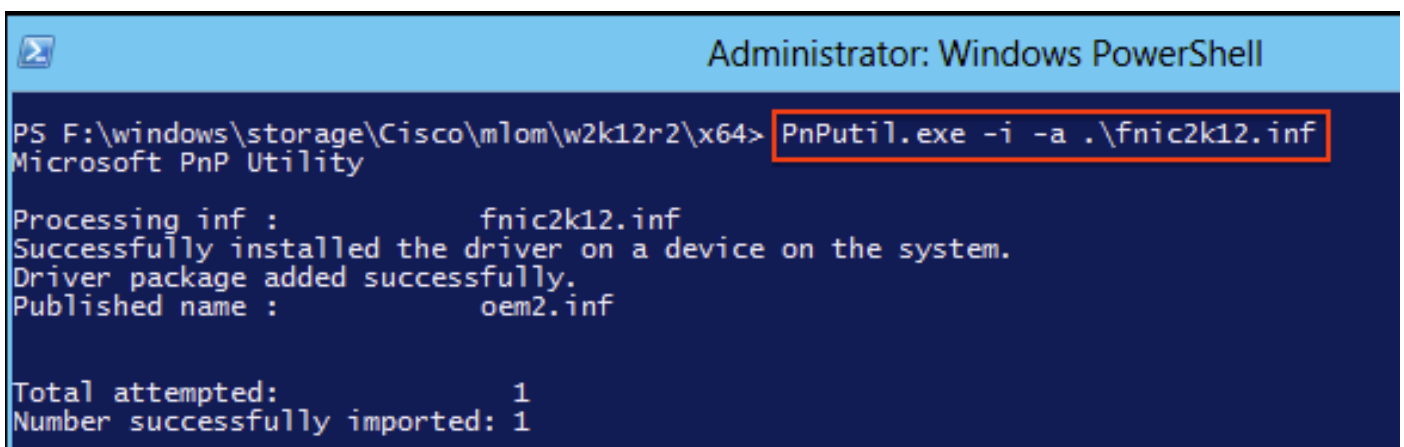
Install the Driver

In order to install or update a driver in Microsoft Windows, right-click the **device**, and choose **Install/Update Driver** in order to start the Installation Wizard.



Install the Driver from CLI

The PNPUtil tool can also be used to install drivers from the CLI. The driver ISO bundle can be mounted via the UCS KVM Console Virtual Media.



Useful Windows CLI Commands

Command	Description
pnputil.exe -e	List all installed 3rd party drivers.
pnputil.exe -a <INF name>	Install driver.
pnputil.exe -d <INF name>	Delete driver.
pnputil.exe -f -d <INF name>	Force delete driver.

Red Hat and SUSE Linux

This section describes how to install and validate a driver on Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) and SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES).

SUSE Background Information

Starting with SLES 12 SP1, the Cisco eNIC and usNIC drivers are bundled together into a single RPM (versus being packaged in separate RPMs, as they are for other Linux distributions). Bundling both drivers into a single RPM is required because of how kernel module dependencies are managed in SLES 12 SP1 and later. If you are not using Cisco usNIC functionality (For example, if you have not provisioned any usNIC devices in UCSM / CIMC), the usNIC driver is effectively be ignored.

The eNIC and usNIC drivers have their own distinct version numbers. If you install the cisco-enic-usnic RPM on SLES 12 SP 1 or later, once those drivers are loaded into the running kernel (For example, via rebooting), use `cat /sys/module/enic/version` and `cat /sys/module/usnic_verbs/version` to view their respective version numbers. The cisco-enic-usnic RPM has its own distinct version number as well. Because it represents the packaging of the eNIC and usNIC drivers, the RPM version number look similar, but does not reflect the specific version of either driver.

For additional information on the exact driver versions query and review the RPM description section. The query looks similar to the example below:

```
<#root>
```


```
#  
rpm -qip cisco-enic-usnic-kmp-default-<RPM_VERSION>.x86_64.rpm  
Name : cisco-enic-usnic-kmp-default Relocations: (not relocatable)
```

```
...  
Summary : Cisco VIC Ethernet NIC drivers  
Description :  
This RPM contains both the Cisco VIC Linux Ethernet driver (enic.ko, version <ENIC_VERSION>) and the Cisco Userspace NIC (usNIC) Linux Ethernet driver (usnic_verbs.ko, version <USNIC_VERSION>). Some Linux distros require both kernel modules to be in the same RPM in order to properly test for symbol compatibility (because usnic_verbs.ko depends on enic.ko) when installing into post-GA upgrade kernels.
```

Verify Current Driver Versions and OS Release

Here is a list of commands used in order to check the current driver version and OS release:

Command	Description
<code>modinfo driver_name</code>	Displays driver version for the specified driver that is loaded (by default) at next reboot.
<code>modinfo /path/to/driver_name.ko</code>	Displays driver version for the specified driver kernel object file.
<code>cat /sys/module/enic/version</code>	Displays the Ethernet driver version currently loaded in the running Linux kernel for the Cisco VIC adapter.
<code>cat /sys/module/fnic/version</code>	Displays the FC NIC driver version currently loaded in the running Linux kernel for the Cisco VIC adapter.
<code>cat /sys/module/megaraid_sas/version</code>	Displays the LSI MegaRAID driver version currently loaded in the running Linux kernel.
<code>lsmod -l</code>	Lists currently-loaded drivers in the kernel.
<code>cat /etc/redhat-release</code>	Shows the RHEL release (for RHEL 6.x and earlier).
<code>cat /etc/SuSE-release</code>	Shows the SUSE release (for SLES 11 SP3 and earlier).
<code>cat /etc/os-release</code>	Shows the RHEL release (for RHEL 7.x and later, and SLES 11 SP4 and later).
<code>uname -a</code>	Shows kernel related information.

 **Note:** Be aware that the command **modinfo [driver name]** shows the module information about the driver that is loaded upon next reboot. This is not necessarily the same driver version currently loaded in the running kernel. Review `cat/sys/module/DRIVER_NAME/version` to validate the driver version loaded in the currently running kernel, and/or use the command **modinfo [/path/to/driver.ko]** to validate the module info for a specific driver kernel object file.

 **Tip:** Refer to the Driver Name Reference Table located in the Appendix for examples of other common driver names.

This example shows that an ENIC driver version of 3.2.210.18-738.12 bundled in the `cisco-enic-usnic` RPM package 3.2.272.23 is installed on SLES 15 GA.

```
<#root>
#
cat /etc/os-release

NAME="SLES"
VERSION="15"
VERSION_ID="15"
PRETTY_NAME="SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 15"
ID="sles"
ID_LIKE="suse"
ANSI_COLOR="0;32"
CPE_NAME="cpe:/o:suse:sles:15"

#
rpm -qa | grep enic

cisco-enic-usnic-kmp-default-3.2.272.23_k4.12.14_23-738.12.x86_64

#
modinfo enic | grep ^version
```

```
version: 3.2.210.18-738.12
```

```
#
```

```
cat /sys/module/enic/version
```

```
3.2.210.18-738.12
```


Install the Driver

Drivers in RHEL and SLES are installed using the Redhat Package Manager (RPM). Use this command in order to install the driver:

```
<#root>
```

```
# rpm -ihv RPM_filename.x86_64.rpm
```

```
[root@localhost tmp]#  
[root@localhost tmp]# rpm -ihv kmod-enic-2.1.1.41-rhel6u2.el6.x86_64.rpm  
Preparing... ##### [100%]  
 1:kmod-enic ##### [100%]  
[root@localhost tmp]#
```

 **Tip:** When you install drivers in Linux, ensure that you review the README files associated with the driver if available. You can look at the contents of the RPM to see where its associated README file was installed (`rpm -qp kmod-enic`). Some RPM driver packages have dependencies on other modules, and require installation of additional RPM packages. The README files contain full instructions on how to install the driver file.




Appendix

Driver Name Reference Table

This table shows the driver names or prefixes for common drivers.

Command	Description
enic	Cisco VIC Ethernet NIC
fnic	Cisco VIC FC NIC
qle or qla	Qlogic adapter
lpfc	Emulex HBA (light pulse)
be2net	Emulex Ethernet NIC
igb or ixgbe	Intel NICs
bnx	Broadcom adapter
megaraid	LSI MegaRAID
megasr	Embedded SW RAID
nenic	Cisco VIC Ethernet NIC for ESXi 6.5

Related Information

- [VMware KB: How to Download and Install async Drivers in ESXi 5.x/6.x \(2005205\)](#)
- [VMware KB: Determining Network/Storage Firmware and Driver Version in ESXi/ESX 4.x and 5.x \(1027206\)](#) 
- [VMware KB: Installing async Drivers on ESXi 5.x \(2005205\)](#) 
- [VMware KB: Installing async Drivers on ESXi 4.x \(1032936\)](#) 
- [Technical Support & Documentation - Cisco Systems](#)