Configure Firepower Threat Defense Interfaces in Routed Mode

Contents

Introduction
Prerequisites
Requirements
Components Used
Related Products
Background Information
Configure
Network Diagram
Configure a Routed Interface and a Subinterface
Solution
Verification
FTD Routed Interface Operation
Solution
FTD Routed Interface Overview
<u>Verify</u>
Trace a Packet on FTD Routed Interface
Solution
Related Information

Introduction

This document describes the configuration, verification, and operation of an Inline Pair Interface on a Firepower Threat Defense (FTD) appliance.

Prerequisites

Requirements

There are not specific requirements for this document.

Components Used

The information in this document is based on these software and hardware versions:

- ASA5512-X FTD code 6.1.0.x
- Firepower Management Center (FMC) code 6.1.0.x

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure

that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Related Products

This document can also be used with these hardware and software versions:

- ASA5506-X, ASA5506W-X, ASA5506H-X, ASA5508-X, ASA5516-X
- ASA5512-X, ASA5515-X, ASA5525-X, ASA5545-X, ASA5555-X
- FPR2100, FPR4100, FPR9300
- VMware (ESXi), Amazon Web Services (AWS), Kernel-based Virtual Machine (KVM)
- FTD software code 6.2.x and later

Background Information

The Firepower Threat Defense (FTD) provides two Deployment modes and six Interface modes as shown in this image:



Note: You can mix interface modes on a single FTD appliance.

High level overview of the various FTD deployment and interface modes:

FTD interface mode	FTD Deployment mode	Description	Traffic can be dropped
Routed	Routed	Full LINA engine and Snort-engine checks	Yes
Switched	Transparent	Full LINA engine and Snort-engine checks	Yes

Inline Pair	Routed or Transparent	Partial LINA engine and full Snort- engine checks	Yes
Inline Pair with Tap	Routed or Transparent	Partial LINA engine and full Snort- engine checks	No
Passive	Routed or Transparent	Partial LINA engine and full Snort- engine checks	No
Passive (ERSPAN)	Routed	Partial LINA engine and full Snort- engine checks	No

Configure

Network Diagram



Configure a Routed Interface and a Subinterface

Configure subinterface G0/0.201 and interface G0/1 as per these requirements:

Interface	G0/0.201	G0/1
Name	INSIDE	OUTSIDE
Security Zone	INSIDE_ZONE	OUTSIDE_ZONE
Description	INTERNAL	EXTERNAL
Sub interface ID	201	-
VLAN ID	201	-
IPv4	192.168.201.1/24	192.168.202.1/24
Duplex/Speed	Auto	Auto

Solution

Step 1. Configure the Logical Interface

Navigate to **Devices > Device Management**, select the appropriate device and select the **Edit** icon:

Overview	Analysis	Policies	Devic	ces	Objects	АМР		Deploy	0	Syst	em
Device Man	agement	NAT	VPN	QoS	Platform	n Settings					
								By Group		~	\bigcirc
Name					Group	Model	License Type 🔺	Access Contro	ol Poli	cy	
Ungrou FTD 10.6	uped (8) 5512 52.148.10 - Ci	sco ASA5512	2-X Threa	at Defen	ise	Cisco ASA5512-X Threat Defense	Base, Threat, Malware, URL Filtering	FTD5512			ø

Select Add Interfaces > Sub Interface:

Overv	iew Analysis Policies Dev	vices Objects	АМР			Deploy 😔	System Help 🔻 a	admin 🔻
Device	Management NAT VPN	QoS Platform	n Settings					
FTD: Cisco AS	5512 A5512-X Threat Defense						🔚 Save 🛛 🚺	Cancel
Devia	ces Routing Interfaces	Inline Sets DI	НСР				Add Interfa	aces •
St	Interface	Logical Name	Туре	Security Zones	MAC Address (Active/Standby)	IP Address	Sub Interface	
0	GigabitEthernet0/0		Physical				Redundant Inter	face
0	GigabitEthernet0/1		Physical				Ether Channel In	lterface

Configure the subinterface settings as per requirements:

Add Sub Interface								
Name:	INSIDE	🕑 Ena	abled 🔲 Management Only					
Security Zone:	INSIDE_Z	ONE 👻						
Description:	INTERNAL							
General IPv4	4 IPv6	Advanced						
MTU:		1500	(64 - 9198)					
Interface *:		GigabitEthernet0/0	✓ Enabled					
Sub-Interface ID	*:	201	(1 - 4294967295)					
VLAN ID:		201	(1 - 4094)					

Interface IP settings:

Add Sub Interface									
Name:	INSIDE		🗹 Enabled	🗌 Managen	nent Only				
Security Zone:	INSIDE_Z	ONE	•						
Description:	INTERNAL								
General IPv4	IPv6	Advanced							
IP Type:		Use Static I	P 🗸						
IP Address:		192.168.201	.1/24	eg.	1.1.1/255	.255.255.228			

Under the physical interface (GigabitEthernet0/0) specify the Duplex and Speed settings:

General	IPv4	IPv6	Advanced	Hardware Configuration
Duplex:			auto	~
Speed:			auto	~

Enable the physical interface (G0/0 in this case):

Edit Physical Interface									
Mode:	None		*	-					
Name:			Enabled	Management Only					
Security Zone:			*	•					
Description:									
General IPv	4 IPv6	Advanced	Hardware Cor	nfiguration					
MTU:		1500		(64 - 9198)					
Interface ID:		GigabitEther	met0/0						

Step 2. Configure the Physical Interface

Edit the GigabitEthernet0/1 physical interface as per requirements:

Edit Physical Interface									
Mode:	None		*						
Name:	OUTSIDE		Enabled 🛛 M	anagement Only					
Security Zone:	OUTSIDE_	ZONE	~						
Description:	EXTERNAL								
General IPv4	IPv6	Advanced	Hardware Configuration	n					
ІР Туре:		Use Static I	P 🔽						
IP Address:		192.168.202	2.1/24	eg. 1.1.1.1/255.255.255.228					

- For Routed interface the Mode is: None
- The Name is equivalent to the ASA interface nameif
- On FTD all interfaces have security level = 0
- **same-security-traffic** is not applicable on FTD. Traffic between FTD interfaces (inter) and (intra) is allowed by default

Select Save and Deploy.

Verification

From the FMC GUI:

Devi	ces Routing	Interfaces	Inline Sets	DHCP					
2								Add In	terfaces 🔹
St	Interface		Logical Name	е т	уре	Security Zones	MAC Address (Active/Standby)	IP Address	
Θ	GigabitEthernet)/0		P	hysical				6
Θ	GigabitEthernet0)/1	OUTSIDE	Ρ	hysical	OUTSIDE_ZONE		192.168.202.1/24(Static)	Ø
0	🕅 GigabitEthernet)/2		Ρ	hysical				6P
0	GigabitEthernet)/3		P	hysical				6P
0	GigabitEthernet)/4		P	hysical				6
0	🕅 GigabitEthernet)/5		P	hysical				6P
θ	Diagnostic0/0			Ρ	hysical				ø
Θ	GigabitEthernet0)/0.201	INSIDE	S	ubInterf	INSIDE_ZONE		192.168.201.1/24(Static)	6

From the FTD CLI:

<#root>

show interface ip brief

Interface	IP-Address	OK?	Method	Status		Protocol
GigabitEthernet0/0	unassigned	YES	unset	up		up
GigabitEthernet0/0.201	192.168.201.1	YES	manual	up		up
GigabitEthernet0/1	192.168.202.1	YES	manual	up		up
GigabitEthernet0/2	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively	down	down
GigabitEthernet0/3	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively	down	down
GigabitEthernet0/4	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively	down	down
GigabitEthernet0/5	unassigned	YES	unset	administratively	down	down
Internal-Control0/0	127.0.1.1	YES	unset	up		up
Internal-Data0/0	unassigned	YES	unset	up		up
Internal-Data0/1	unassigned	YES	unset	up		up
Internal-Data0/2	169.254.1.1	YES	unset	up		up
Management0/0	unassigned	YES	unset	up		up

<#root>

>

show ip

System IP Addresses:				
Interface	Name	IP address	Subnet mask	Method
GigabitEthernet0/0.201	INSIDE	192.168.201.1	255.255.255.0	manual
GigabitEthernet0/1	OUTSIDE	192.168.202.1	255.255.255.0	manual
Current IP Addresses:				
Interface	Name	IP address	Subnet mask	Method
				_
GigabitEthernet0/0.201	INSIDE	192.168.201.1	255.255.255.0	manual
GigabitEthernet0/1	OUTSIDE	192.168.202.1	255.255.255.0	manual

FMC GUI and FTD CLI correlation:

		> show running-config interface g0/0.201
Edit Sub Interface		!
Name: INSID	E Enabled 🗍 Management Only	description INTERNAL
Security Zone: INSID	e_zone 🗸	vian 201 nameif INSIDE
Description: INTER	NAL	cts manual
General IPv4 IPv	/6 Advanced	policy static sgt disabled trusted
IP Type:	Use Static IP	security-level 0
IP Address:	192.168.201.1/24	Ip address 192.168.201.1 255.255.255.0

<#root>

>

...

show interface g0/0.201

Interface GigabitEthernet0/0.201

```
INSIDE
```

```
is up, line protocol is up
 Hardware is i82574L rev00, BW 1000 Mbps, DLY 10 usec
VLAN identifier 201
Description: INTERNAL
       MAC address a89d.21ce.fdea, MTU 1500
IP address 192.168.201.1, subnet mask 255.255.255.0
 Traffic Statistics for "INSIDE":
        1 packets input, 28 bytes
        1 packets output, 28 bytes
        0 packets dropped
>
show interface g0/1
Interface GigabitEthernet0/1 "OUTSIDE", is up, line protocol is up
 Hardware is i82574L rev00, BW 1000 Mbps, DLY 10 usec
Auto-Duplex(Full-duplex), Auto-Speed(1000 Mbps)
        Input flow control is unsupported, output flow control is off
Description: EXTERNAL
       MAC address a89d.21ce.fde7, MTU 1500
IP address 192.168.202.1, subnet mask 255.255.255.0
        0 packets input, 0 bytes, 0 no buffer
        Received 0 broadcasts, 0 runts, 0 giants
        0 input errors, 0 CRC, 0 frame, 0 overrun, 0 ignored, 0 abort
       O pause input, O resume input
       0 L2 decode drops
        1 packets output, 64 bytes, 0 underruns
       0 pause output, 0 resume output
       0 output errors, 0 collisions, 12 interface resets
       0 late collisions, 0 deferred
       0 input reset drops, 0 output reset drops
        input queue (blocks free curr/low): hardware (511/511)
        output queue (blocks free curr/low): hardware (511/511)
 Traffic Statistics for "OUTSIDE":
       0 packets input, 0 bytes
       0 packets output, 0 bytes
       0 packets dropped
      1 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
      1 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
      1 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec
      5 minute input rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
      5 minute output rate 0 pkts/sec, 0 bytes/sec
      5 minute drop rate, 0 pkts/sec
```

FTD Routed Interface Operation

Verify the FTD packet flow when Routed interfaces are in use.

Solution

FTD Architectural overview

A high-level overview of the FTD data plane:



This picture shows some of the checks that occur within each engine:



Key points

- The bottom checks correspond to the FTD LINA engine Data Path
- The checks inside the blue box correspond to the FTD Snort engine instance

FTD Routed Interface Overview

- Available only in **Routed** Deployment
- Traditional L3 firewall deployment
- One or more physical or logical (VLAN) routable interfaces
- Allows features like NAT or Dynamic Routing protocols to be configured
- Packets are forwarded based on Route Lookup and next hop is resolved based on ARP Lookup
- Actual traffic can be dropped
- Full LINA engine checks are applied along with full Snort engine checks

The last point can be visualized accordingly:

		G0/1		
G0/0	LINA	Snort	LINA	00/1
	engine	engine	engine	
			•	

Verify

Trace a Packet on FTD Routed Interface

Network Diagram



Use packet-tracer with the these parameters to see the applied policies:

Input interface	INSIDE
Protocol/Service	TCP port 80
Source IP	192.168.201.100
Destination IP	192.168.202.100

Solution

When a routed interface is used the packet is processed in a similar way to a classic ASA Routed interface. Checks like Route Lookup, Modular Policy Framework (MPF), NAT, ARP lookup etc take place in the LINA engine Data Path. Additionally, if the Access Control Policy requires so, the packet is inspected by the Snort engine (one of the Snort instances) where a verdict is generated and returned back to the LINA engine:

<#root>

packet-tracer input INSIDE tcp 192.168.201.100 11111 192.168.202.100 80

Phase: 1

Type: ROUTE-LOOKUP

Subtype: Resolve Egress Interface Result: ALLOW Config: Additional Information:

found next-hop 192.168.202.100 using egress ifc OUTSIDE

Phase: 2

Type: ACCESS-LIST

Subtype: log Result: ALLOW Config: access-group CSM_FW_ACL_ global access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ advanced permit ip any any rule-id 268437505 access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268437505: ACCESS POLICY: FTD5512 - Default/1 access-list CSM_FW_ACL_ remark rule-id 268437505: L4 RULE: DEFAULT ACTION RULE

Additional Information:

This packet will be sent to snort for additional processing where a verdict will be reached

Phase: 3

Type: CONN-SETTINGS

Subtype: Result: ALLOW Config:

class-map class-default

match any

policy-map global_policy

```
set connection advanced-options UM_STATIC_TCP_MAP
```

service-policy global_policy global

Additional Information:

Phase: 4

Type: NAT

Subtype: per-session Result: ALLOW Config: Additional Information: Phase: 5 Type: IP-OPTIONS Subtype: Result: ALLOW Config: Additional Information: Phase: 6 Type: NAT Subtype: per-session Result: ALLOW Config: Additional Information: Phase: 7 Type: IP-OPTIONS Subtype: Result: ALLOW Config: Additional Information: Phase: 8 Type: FLOW-CREATION Subtype: Result: ALLOW Config: Additional Information: New flow created with id 11336, packet dispatched to next module

```
Result:
```

input-interface: INSIDE

input-status: up
input-line-status: up

output-status: up output-line-status: up Action: allow

>

Note: In phase 4 the packet is checked against a TCP map called UM_STATIC_TCP_MAP. This is the default TCP Map on FTD.

```
<#root>
firepower#
show run all tcp-map
I
tcp-map UM_STATIC_TCP_MAP
 no check-retransmission
 no checksum-verification
 exceed-mss allow
 queue-limit 0 timeout 4
  reserved-bits allow
 syn-data allow
 synack-data drop
 invalid-ack drop
 seq-past-window drop
 tcp-options range 6 7 allow
 tcp-options range 9 18 allow
 tcp-options range 20 255 allow
 tcp-options selective-ack allow
 tcp-options timestamp allow
 tcp-options window-scale allow
 tcp-options mss allow
 tcp-options md5 clear
 ttl-evasion-protection
 urgent-flag allow
 window-variation allow-connection
1
>
```

Related Information

- <u>Cisco Firepower Threat Defense Configuration Guide for Firepower Device Manager, Version 6.1</u>
- Install and Upgrade Firepower Threat Defense on ASA 55xx-X devices
- Cisco Secure Firewall Threat Defense
- <u>Cisco Technical Support & Downloads</u>